## **Cantor Select Portfolios Trust**

ATPAX	ATPYX	ATPRX
ATGAX	ATGYX	ATGHX
	Ticker ATPAX	Class A TickerInstitutional Class TickerATPAXATPYXATGAXATGYX

This prospectus contains information about the Funds that you should know before investing. You should read this prospectus carefully before you invest or send money and keep it for future reference.

The securities offered by this prospectus have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission, nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission passed upon the adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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## **Cantor Fitzgerald High Income Fund**

## **SUMMARY**

#### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Cantor Fitzgerald High Income Fund (the "Fund") seeks to obtain high current income.

#### FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and example below. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the Fund. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and is included in the section of the Fund's prospectus entitled **How to Reduce Your Sales Charge** on page 33 and in the sections of the Fund's Statement of Additional Information entitled **Purchasing Shares** on page 35.

#### **Shareholder Fees**

(fees paid directly from your investment)

	Class A	Class	Class R6
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a % of offering price)	4.00%	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)			
(as a % of the lesser of amount purchased or			
redeemed)	None	None	None
Redemption Fee			
(as a % of amount redeemed)	None	None	None

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## **Annual Fund Operating Expenses**

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Institutional Class	Class R6
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.20%	None	None
Other Expenses	0.35%	0.35%	0.28%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses <sup>1</sup>	1.21%	1.01%	0.94%

<sup>1</sup> The Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses have been restated in the table above to reflect current contractual fees and differ from the ratio of net expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights.

**Example.** This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem (or you hold) all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Class	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Class A	\$518	\$769	\$1,038	\$1,807
Institutional Class	\$103	\$322	\$ 558	\$1,236
Class R6	\$ 96	\$300	\$ 520	\$1,155

**Portfolio Turnover.** The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 33% of the average value of its portfolio.

#### PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets plus any borrowings for investment purposes in income-producing securities. Such securities may be rated at any level by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, or they may be unrated. The Fund's portfolio will typically include a high proportion, up to 100%, of high-yield/high-risk securities rated below investment grade. Such securities are sometimes called "junk bonds." Junk bonds are considered speculative investments.

The bonds the Fund purchases can be of any maturity, but the average effective weighted maturity of the Fund's portfolio will normally be within one year of the average maturity of the Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Total Return Index Value Unhedged. The average maturity of the Index as of December 31, 2024 was 4.72 years. Maturity is the length of time during which the owner of the bond will receive interest payments on the investment. The Sub-Advisor may vary the composition of the Fund's portfolio to adjust the weighted-average effective maturity, duration, yield curve positioning and overall credit quality rating of the portfolio to reflect its analysis of interest rate trends. Thus, the Sub-Advisor may attempt to shorten the Fund's weighted-average effective maturity and duration when the Sub-Advisor expects interest rates to rise and to lengthen it when it expects interest rates to fall.

In addition to considering economic factors such as the effect of interest rates on the Fund's investments, the Fund's sub-adviser, Smith Group Asset Management, LLC (the "Sub-Advisor"), applies a "bottom up" approach in choosing investments. The Sub-Advisor considers the individual characteristics of each potential investment in an income-producing security to determine if it is an attractive investment opportunity and consistent with the Fund's investment policies. The Sub-Advisor also employs a relative value analysis (analysis based upon valuations of investments with similar ratings and duration) and fundamental credit research (examining published financial results for improving balance sheets, improving cash flow or interest coverage, improving and/or unexpected earnings growth and management quality) on potential investments in an effort to identify companies with attractive characteristics and/or strong business models (the Sub-Advisor believes strong business models include such things as brand awareness, intellectual property, market position, or having resources others do not). The Sub-Advisor will consider selling a position if: (1) a position becomes a disproportionately large portion of the Fund's portfolio (more than about 5%); (2) using the same relative value analysis described above, the Sub-Advisor believes it is overpriced; (3) company becomes less attractive using the same relative value analysis described above due to weakening projections for the company's future performance; or (4) external factors such as market shifts or regulatory changes make the security no longer attractive using the same relative value analysis described above. The Sub-Advisor's buy and sell decisions typically result in a portfolio turnover rate of 30% to 50% under normal circumstances and a portfolio of 50 to 80 positions.

Within the parameters of the Fund's specific investment policies, the Fund may invest without limit in foreign debt, including debt of emerging markets issuers. The Fund may also invest in subordinated securities and may hold cash or other short-term investments.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND

The loss of your money is a principal risk of investing in the Fund. Investments in the Fund are subject to investment risks, including the possible loss of some or the entire principal amount invested. The Fund is subject to certain risks, including the principal risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's net asset

value per shares ("NAV"), trading price, yield, total return, and ability to meet its investment objectives. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit or obligation of any bank, is not endorsed or guaranteed by any bank, and is not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Generally, the Fund will be subject to the following principal risks:

**Market Risk.** The risk that all or a majority of the securities in a certain market — such as the stock or bond market — will decline in value because of factors such as adverse political or economic conditions, future expectations, investor confidence, or heavy institutional selling.

**Investment Risk.** Various sectors of the global financial markets have been experiencing an extended period of adverse conditions. Market uncertainty has increased dramatically, particularly in the United States and Europe, and adverse market conditions have expanded to other markets. These conditions have resulted in disruption of markets, periods of reduced liquidity, greater volatility, general volatility of spreads, an acute contraction in the availability of credit and a lack of price transparency. The long-term impact of these events is uncertain, but could continue to have a material effect on general economic conditions, consumer and business confidence and market liquidity.

Natural or environmental disasters, such as earthquakes, fires, floods, hurricanes and tsunamis, and widespread disease, including pandemics and epidemics, have been and can be highly disruptive to economies and the markets. For example, the outbreak of an infectious respiratory illness caused by a novel coronavirus, known as COVID-19, and efforts to contain its spread, have resulted, and may continue to result in labor shortages, supply chain disruptions, lower consumer demand for certain products and services, and significant disruptions to economies and markets, adversely affecting individual companies, sectors, industries, interest rates and investor sentiment.

Interest Rate Risk. The market prices of the Fund's fixed income securities may fluctuate significantly when interest rates change. The value of your investment will generally go down when interest rates rise. A rise in rates tends to have a greater impact on the prices of longer term or longer duration securities. In recent years, interest rates and credit spreads in the U.S. have been at historic lows. The U.S. Federal Reserve has raised certain interest rates, and interest rates may continue to go up. A general rise in interest rates could adversely affect the price and liquidity of fixed income securities and could also result in increased redemptions from the Fund. The maturity of a security may be significantly longer than its effective duration. A security's maturity and other features may be more relevant than its effective duration in determining the security's sensitivity to other factors such as changes in credit quality or in the yield premium that the market may establish for certain types of securities (sometimes called "credit spread"). In general, the longer its maturity the more a security may be susceptible to these factors. When the credit spread for a fixed income security goes up, or "widens," the value of the security will generally go down.

**Credit Risk.** If an issuer or obligor of a security held by the Fund or a counterparty to a financial contract with the Fund defaults or is downgraded, or is perceived to be less creditworthy, or if the value of the assets underlying a security declines, the value of your investment will typically decline. Changes in actual or perceived creditworthiness may occur quickly. The Fund could be delayed or hindered in its enforcement of rights against an issuer, guarantor or counterparty. Securities in the lowest category of investment grade (i.e., BBB/Baa) may be considered to have speculative characteristics.

**Junk Bonds Risk.** Junk bonds are considered speculative, have a higher risk of default, tend to be less liquid and are more difficult to value than higher grade securities. Junk bonds tend to be volatile and more susceptible to adverse events and negative sentiments.

**Subordinated Securities Risk.** Subordinated securities are more likely to suffer a credit loss than non-subordinated securities of the same issuer and will be disproportionately affected by a default, downgrade or perceived decline in creditworthiness.

Foreign Securities Risk. Foreign securities are subject to a number of additional risks, including nationalization or expropriation of assets, imposition of currency controls or restrictions, confiscatory taxation, political or financial instability, military conflicts and sanctions, terrorism, arbitrary application of laws and regulations or lack of rule of law, and other adverse economic or political developments. Lack of information and less market regulation may also affect the value of these securities. Risks are greater for investments in emerging markets. The value of investments in securities denominated in foreign currencies increases or decreases as the rates of exchange between those currencies and the U.S. dollar change. Currency exchange rates can be volatile, and are affected by factors such as general economic conditions, the actions of the U.S. and foreign governments or central banks, the imposition of currency controls and speculation. Sanctions or other government actions against certain countries could negatively impact the Fund's investments in securities that have exposure to those countries. Circumstances that impact one country could have profound impacts on other countries and on global economies or markets.

**Emerging Market Securities Risk.** Emerging market countries tend to have economic, political and legal systems that are less fully developed and are less stable than those of more advanced countries. Low trading volumes may result in a lack of liquidity and in extreme price volatility.

**Prepayment or Call Risk.** Many issuers have a right to prepay their securities. If interest rates fall, an issuer may exercise this right. If this happens, the Fund will not benefit from the rise in market price that normally accompanies a decline in interest rates, and will be forced to reinvest prepayment proceeds at a time when yields on securities available in the market are lower than the yield on prepaid securities. The Fund may also lose any premium it paid on prepaid securities.

**Extension Risk.** During periods of rising interest rates, repayments of fixed income securities may occur more slowly than anticipated by the market. This may drive the prices of these securities down even more because their interest rates are lower than the current interest rate and they remain outstanding longer.

**Portfolio Selection Risk.** The value of your investment may decrease if the Sub-Advisor's judgment about the quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular market segment, security, industry, sector or region, or about interest rates or other market factors, is incorrect, or there may be imperfections, errors or limitations in the models, tools and information used by the Sub-Advisor.

**Redemption Risk.** The Fund may experience heavy redemptions that could cause the Fund to liquidate its assets at inopportune times or at a loss or depressed value or accelerate taxable gains or transaction costs, which could cause the value of your investment to decline.

Cybersecurity Risk. Cybersecurity failures by and breaches of the Fund's Manager, Transfer Agent, Custodian, Distributor or other service providers may disrupt Fund operations, interfere with the Fund's ability to calculate its NAV, prevent Fund shareholders from purchasing, redeeming or exchanging shares or receiving distributions or receiving timely information regarding the Fund or their investment in the Fund, cause loss of or unauthorized access to private shareholder information, or result in financial losses to the Fund and its shareholders, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, or additional compliance costs. Substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent any cyber incidents in the future. The Fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result.

## PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

The following bar chart and tables provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's Institutional Class (formerly, Class Y) performance from year to year and by showing how the average annual total returns for each class compared to that of a broad-based securities market index. The Fund acquired all of the assets and liabilities of the Aquila High Income Fund, a series of the Aquila Funds Trust (the "Predecessor Fund") in a tax-free reorganization on November 22, 2024 (the "Reorganization"). In connection

with the Predecessor Fund acquisition, (i) the Predecessor Fund's Class A shares, Class C shares, and Class I shares were exchanged for Class A shares of the Fund; (ii) the Predecessor Fund's Class Y shares were exchanged for Institutional Class shares of the Fund; and (iii) the Class F shares are no longer offered. The Predecessor Fund had an investment objective and strategies that were, in all material respects, the same as those of the Fund, and were managed in a manner that, in all material respects, complied with the investment guidelines and restrictions of the Fund. The performance information set forth below reflects the historical performance of the Predecessor Fund.

Performance information for the periods presented below includes performance of the Fund's prior investment advisor. The Fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available online at https://highincomefund.cantorassetmanagement.com.

You may obtain the Fund's most recently available month-end performance by calling 1-833-764-2266 or 1-855-9-CANTOR (1-855-922-6867) or by visiting the Fund's website at https://highincomefund.cantorassetmanagement.com.

## Calendar year-by-year total return (Institutional Class)



During the periods illustrated in this bar chart, the Institutional Class's highest quarterly return was 5.02% for the quarter ended December 31, 2023, and its lowest quarterly return was (7.02)% for the quarter ended June 30, 2022.

## Average annual total returns for periods ended December 31, 2024

	1 year	5 years	10 years
Institutional Class return before taxes	5.97%	4.18%	4.18%
Institutional Class return after taxes on distributions	3.65%	2.22%	2.32%
Institutional Class return after taxes on distributions and sale of			
Fund shares	3.50%	2.35%	2.38%
Class A shares return before taxes	1.52%	3.13%	3.54%
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index (reflects no deduction			
for fees, expenses, or taxes)*	1.25%	(0.33)%	1.35%
Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Total Return Index Value			
Unhedged (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or			
taxes)*	8.19%	4.21%	5.17%

<sup>\*</sup> Bloomberg Index Services Limited. BLOOMBERG® is a trademark and service mark of Bloomberg Finance L.P. and its affiliates (collectively "Bloomberg"). The primary index was changed from Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Total Return Index Value Unhedged to the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index because the latter is a broader-based market index. The Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Total Return Index Value Unhedged is now used as a secondary benchmark, because the Advisor believes it represents the portion of the market in which the Fund invests.

After-tax performance is presented only for Institutional Class shares of the Fund. The after-tax returns for other Fund classes may vary. Actual after-tax returns depend on the investor's individual tax situation and may differ from the returns shown. After-tax returns are not relevant for shares held in tax-advantaged investment vehicles such as employer-sponsored 401(k) plans and individual retirement accounts (IRAs). The after-tax returns shown are calculated using the highest individual federal marginal income tax rates in effect during the periods presented and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes.

#### MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND'S PORTFOLIO

The Fund's investment adviser is Cantor Fitzgerald Investment Advisors, L.P. The Fund's sub-adviser is Smith Group Asset Management, LLC. The individuals listed below are jointly and primarily responsible for day to day management of the Fund's portfolio.

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Portfolio managers	Title	Start date on the Fund
David Schiffman	Lead Portfolio Manager for the Fund Portfolio Manager of the Sub-Advisor	Since October 2021
John D. Brim, CFA	Co-Portfolio Manager for the Fund Chief Investment Officer of the Sub-Advisor	Since October 18, 2024

## PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

For Class A shares, the minimum initial investment is generally \$1,000 and subsequent investments can be made for as little as \$100. The minimum initial investment for IRAs, Uniform Gifts/Transfers to Minors Act accounts, direct deposit purchase plans, and automatic investment plans is \$250 and through Coverdell Education Savings Accounts is \$500, and subsequent investments in these accounts can be made for as little as \$25. For Institutional Class and Class R6 shares (except those shares purchased through an automatic investment plan), there is no minimum initial or subsequent purchase requirement, but certain eligibility requirements must be met. The

eligibility requirements are described in this Prospectus under "Choosing a share class" and on the Fund's website. We may reduce or waive the minimums or eligibility requirements in certain cases.

The Fund's shares are available for purchase and are redeemable on any business day through your broker-dealer and directly from the Fund by mail, facsimile, telephone, or bank wire. Purchase and redemption orders by mail should be sent to Cantor Fitzgerald High Income Fund, c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, Via Regular Mail: P.O. Box 46707, Cincinnati, Ohio 45246 or Via Overnight Mail: 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450, Cincinnati, Ohio 45246. Please call the Fund at 1-833-764-2266 to conduct telephone transactions or to receive wire instructions for bank wire orders. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Fund shares through a broker-dealer should contact the broker-dealer directly.

#### TAX INFORMATION

Fund distributions are generally taxable to you as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account (IRA). Distributions on investments made through a tax deferred arrangement will generally be taxed upon withdrawal of assets from those accounts.

#### PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund, and its related companies, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## **Cantor Fitzgerald Equity Opportunity Fund**

## **SUMMARY**

#### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Cantor Fitzgerald Equity Opportunity Fund (the "Fund") seeks capital appreciation.

#### FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and example below. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the Fund. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and is included in the section of the Fund's prospectus entitled **How to Reduce Your Sales Charge** on page 33 and in the sections of the Fund's Statement of Additional Information entitled **Purchasing Shares** on page 35.

#### **Shareholder Fees**

(fees paid directly from your investment)

	Class A	Institutional Class	Class R6
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a % of offering price)	5.75%	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a % of the lesser of amount purchased or	N	NI	N
redeemed)	None	None	None
(as a % of amount redeemed)	None	None	None

## **Annual Fund Operating Expenses**

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Institutional Class	Class R6
Management Fees	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%	None	None
Other Expenses	0.45%	0.45%	0.38%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses <sup>1</sup>	1.51%	1.26%	1.19%

The Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses have been restated in the table above to reflect current contractual fees and differ from the ratio of net expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights.

**Example.** This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem (or you hold) all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Class	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Class A	\$720	\$1,025	\$1,351	\$2,273
Institutional Class	\$128	\$ 400	\$ 692	\$1,523
Class R6	\$121	\$ 378	\$ 654	\$1,443

**Portfolio Turnover.** The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 44% of the average value of its portfolio.

#### PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund invests primarily in equity securities of U.S. issuers. The Fund invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities. In addition to common stocks, exchange traded funds that invest primarily in equity securities, warrants, convertible bonds and preferred stock are considered equity securities for purposes of the Fund's 80% policy.

The Fund's investment strategy focuses on factors specific to each investment, including: internal changes to the company or external changes in the company's environment that drive improving balance sheet, cash flow, or earnings growth; hidden or unappreciated value (unexpected earnings growth potential where the Sub-Advisor believes the company can report results ahead of the consensus of analysts' expectations); management quality; and a strong business model (in the Sub-Advisor's opinion, solid earnings quality indicating sustainability to the company's growth). The Fund invests in equity securities that can be characterized as "growth" (companies with an above average earnings growth rate) or "value" (companies with a below average price-to-earnings ratio), as both kinds of companies may have characteristics that make the investment attractive. The Fund invests in a range of stock market capitalizations that could include small-cap, mid-cap, and large cap and expects to hold between 35 and 60 positions. Companies favored in the research process are those viewed to be fiscally responsible and demonstrating management alignment with shareholder value, qualities that have the potential to deliver benefits to investors. Fiscally responsible companies typically exhibit solid operating cash flow generation relative to reported net income, lower than average debt-to-capital ratio, and an ability to generate high return on assets. Company managements that demonstrate alignment with shareholder interests will typically redeploy cash when an investment will improve overall returns, or otherwise return capital to shareholders in the form of dividends.

The Fund can invest in securities of any market capitalization, but the investment process typically finds more opportunities in smaller companies. Thus, the Fund will have a majority of holdings in the small- and mid-capitalization space of the market.

The Fund may invest up to 15% of its net assets in foreign securities.

The Fund may also hold cash or other short-term investments.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND

The loss of your money is a principal risk of investing in the Fund. Investments in the Fund are subject to investment risks, including the possible loss of some or the entire principal amount invested. The Fund is subject to certain risks, including the principal risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's net asset value per shares ("NAV"), trading price, yield, total return, and ability to meet its investment objectives. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit or obligation of any bank, is not endorsed or guaranteed by any bank, and is not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Generally, the Fund will be subject to the following principal risks:

**Market Risk.** The risk that all or a majority of the securities in a certain market — such as the stock or bond market — will decline in value because of factors such as adverse political or economic conditions, future expectations, investor confidence, or heavy institutional selling.

**Investment Risk.** Various sectors of the global financial markets have been experiencing an extended period of adverse conditions. Market uncertainty has increased dramatically, particularly in the United States and Europe, and adverse market conditions have expanded to other markets. These conditions have resulted in disruption of markets, periods of reduced liquidity, greater volatility, general volatility of spreads, an acute contraction in the availability of credit and a lack of price transparency. The long-term impact of these events is uncertain, but could continue to have a material effect on general economic conditions, consumer and business confidence and market liquidity.

Natural or environmental disasters, such as earthquakes, fires, floods, hurricanes and tsunamis, and widespread disease, including pandemics and epidemics, have been and can be highly disruptive to economies and the markets. For example, the outbreak of an infectious respiratory illness caused by a novel coronavirus, known as COVID-19, and efforts to contain its spread, have resulted, and may continue to result in labor shortages, supply chain disruptions, lower consumer demand for certain products and services, and significant disruptions to economies and markets, adversely affecting individual companies, sectors, industries, interest rates and investor sentiment.

Equity Securities Risk. The return on and value of an investment in the Fund will fluctuate in response to stock market movements. Stocks tend to move in cycles and may decline in tandem with a drop in the overall value of the markets based on negative developments in the U.S. or global economies. Stocks and other equity securities are subject to inherent market risks and fluctuations in value due to earnings and other developments affecting a particular company or industry, stock market trends and general economic conditions, investor perceptions, interest rate changes and other factors beyond the control of the Advisor. The price of a company's stock may decline if the company does not perform as expected, if it is not well managed, if there is a decreased demand for its products or services, or during periods of economic uncertainty or stock market turbulence. Economies and financial markets throughout the world have become interconnected which increases the possibility that economic, financial, or political events in one country, sector or region could have potentially adverse effects on global economies or markets. Russia's military invasion of Ukraine, the responses and sanctions by other countries, and the potential for wider conflicts, could continue to have adverse effects on regional and global economies and may further strain global supply chains and negatively affect global growth and inflation. Policy changes by the U.S. government and/or Federal Reserve and political events with the U.S. and abroad, such as changes in the U.S. presidential administration and Congress, may affect investor and consumer confidence, and adversely impact the financial markets.

Foreign Securities Risk. Foreign securities are subject to a number of additional risks, including nationalization or expropriation of assets, imposition of currency controls or restrictions, confiscatory taxation, political or financial instability, military conflicts and sanctions, terrorism, arbitrary application of laws and regulations or lack of rule of law, and other adverse economic or political developments. Lack of information and less market regulation may also affect the value of these securities. Risks are greater for investments in emerging markets. The value of investments in securities denominated in foreign currencies increases or decreases as the rates of exchange between those currencies and the U.S. dollar change. Currency exchange rates can be volatile, and are affected by factors such as general economic conditions, the actions of the U.S. and foreign governments or central banks, the imposition of currency controls and speculation. Sanctions or other government actions against certain countries could negatively impact the Fund's investments in securities that have exposure to those countries. Circumstances that impact one country could have profound impacts on other countries and on global economies or markets.

**Emerging Market Securities Risk.** Emerging market countries tend to have economic, political and legal systems that are less fully developed and are less stable than those of more advanced countries. Low trading volumes may result in a lack of liquidity and in extreme price volatility.

**Small and Mid Cap Companies Risk.** The earnings and prospects of small and medium sized companies are more volatile than larger companies and may experience higher failure rates than larger companies. Small and

medium sized companies normally have a lower trading volume than larger companies, which may tend to make their market price fall more disproportionately than larger companies in response to selling pressures and may have limited markets, product lines, or financial resources and lack management experience.

**Portfolio Turnover Risk.** If the Fund does a lot of trading, it may incur additional operating expenses and other costs, which would reduce performance. Trading activity could also cause shareholders to incur a higher level of taxable income or capital gains.

**Portfolio Selection Risk.** The value of your investment may decrease if the Sub-Advisor's judgment about the attractiveness, quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular market segment, security, industry, sector or region, or about market movements or interest rates or other factors, is incorrect, or there may be imperfections, errors or limitations in the models, tools and information used by the Sub-Advisor.

**Redemption Risk.** The Fund may experience heavy redemptions that could cause the Fund to liquidate its assets at inopportune times or at a loss or depressed value or accelerate taxable gains or transaction costs, which could cause the value of your investment to decline.

Cybersecurity Risk. Cybersecurity failures by and breaches of the Fund's Manager, Transfer Agent, Custodian, Distributor or other service providers may disrupt Fund operations, interfere with the Fund's ability to calculate its NAV, prevent Fund shareholders from purchasing, redeeming or exchanging shares or receiving distributions or receiving timely information regarding the Fund or their investment in the Fund, cause loss of or unauthorized access to private shareholder information, or result in financial losses to the Fund and its shareholders, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, or additional compliance costs. Substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent any cyber incidents in the future. The Fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result.

#### PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

The following bar chart and tables provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's Institutional Class performance from year to year and by showing how the average annual total returns for each class compared to that of a broad-based securities market index. The Aquila Opportunity Growth Fund, a series of Aquila Funds Trust (the "Second Predecessor Fund") acquired the assets and liabilities of Aquila Three Peaks Equity Opportunity Fund (the "First Predecessor Fund") on October 11, 2013. The Fund acquired all of the assets and liabilities of the Second Predecessor Fund (together with the First Predecessor Fund, the "Predecessor Funds") in a tax-free reorganization on November 22, 2024 (the "Reorganization"). In connection with the Predecessor Fund acquisition, (i) the Predecessor Fund's Class A shares, Class C shares, and Class I shares were exchanged for Class A shares of the Fund; (ii) the Predecessor Fund's Class Y shares were exchanged for Institutional Class shares of the Fund; and (iii) the Class F shares are no longer offered. The Predecessor Funds had an investment objective and strategies that were, in all material respects, the same as those of the Fund, and were managed in a manner that, in all material respects, complied with the investment guidelines and restrictions of the Fund. The performance information set forth below reflects the historical performance of the Predecessor Funds.

Performance information for the periods presented below includes performance of the Fund's prior investment advisor. The Fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available online at https://equityopportunityfund.cantorassetmanagement.com.

You may obtain the Fund's most recently available month-end performance by calling 1-833-764-2266 or 1-855-9-CANTOR (1-855-922-6867) or by visiting the Fund's website at https://equityopportunityfund.cantorassetmanagement.com.

## Calendar year-by-year total return (Institutional Class)



During the periods illustrated in this bar chart, the Institutional Class's highest quarterly return was 16.53% for the quarter ended December 31, 2020, and its lowest quarterly return was (25.22)% for the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

#### Average annual total returns for periods ended December 31, 2024

	1 year	5 years	10 years
Institutional Class return before taxes	9.36%	6.58%	7.96%
Institutional Class return after taxes on distributions	3.36%	3.35%	5.65%
Institutional Class return after taxes on distributions and sale of			
Fund shares	8.06%	4.60%	5.98%
Class A shares return before taxes	4.40%	5.35%	7.18%
S&P 500 Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)*	25.02%	14.53%	13.10%
CRSP U.S. Mid-Cap Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	15.25%	9.86%	9.57%
MSCI USA Mid Cap Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	15.26%	10.55%	10.00%

<sup>\*</sup> Standard & Poor's 500® and S&P 500® are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved. The primary index was changed from CRSP U.S. Mid-Cap Index to the S&P 500 Index because the latter is a broader-based market index. The CRSP U.S. Mid-Cap and MSCI USA Mid Cap Indices are used as secondary benchmarks because the Advisor believes they represent the portion of the market in which the Fund invests.

After-tax performance is presented only for Institutional Class shares of the Fund. The after-tax returns for other Fund classes may vary. Actual after-tax returns depend on the investor's individual tax situation and may differ from the returns shown. After-tax returns are not relevant for shares held in tax-advantaged investment vehicles such as employer-sponsored 401(k) plans and individual retirement accounts (IRAs). The after-tax returns shown are calculated using the highest individual federal marginal income tax rates in effect during the periods presented and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes.

#### MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND'S PORTFOLIO

The Fund's investment adviser is Cantor Fitzgerald Investment Advisors, L.P. The Fund's sub-adviser is Smith Group Asset Management, LLC. The individuals listed below are jointly and primarily responsible for day to day management of the Fund's portfolio.

Portfolio managers	Title	Start date on the Fund
Eivind Olsen, CFA	Lead Portfolio Manager for the Fund Portfolio Manager of the Sub-Advisor	Since October 18, 2024
John D. Brim, CFA	Co-Portfolio Manager for the Fund Chief Investment Officer of the Sub-Advisor	Since October 18, 2024

## PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

For Class A shares, the minimum initial investment is generally \$1,000 and subsequent investments can be made for as little as \$100. The minimum initial investment for IRAs, Uniform Gifts/Transfers to Minors Act accounts, direct deposit purchase plans, and automatic investment plans is \$250 and through Coverdell Education Savings Accounts is \$500, and subsequent investments in these accounts can be made for as little as \$25. For Institutional Class and Class R6 shares (except those shares purchased through an automatic investment plan), there is no minimum initial or subsequent purchase requirement, but certain eligibility requirements must be met. The eligibility requirements are described in this Prospectus under "Choosing a share class" and on the Fund's website. We may reduce or waive the minimums or eligibility requirements in certain cases.

The Fund's shares are available for purchase and are redeemable on any business day through your broker-dealer and directly from the Fund by mail, facsimile, telephone, or bank wire. Purchase and redemption orders by mail should be sent to Cantor Fitzgerald Equity Opportunity Fund, c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, Via Regular Mail: P.O. Box 46707, Cincinnati, Ohio 45246 or Via Overnight Mail: 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450, Cincinnati, Ohio 45246. Please call the Fund at 1-833-764-2266 to conduct telephone transactions or to receive wire instructions for bank wire orders. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Fund shares through a broker-dealer should contact the broker-dealer directly.

#### TAX INFORMATION

Fund distributions are generally taxable to you as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account (IRA). Distributions on investments made through a tax deferred arrangement will generally be taxed upon withdrawal of assets from those accounts.

## PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund, and its related companies, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUNDS' INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, AND RISKS

Information about the investment objective and principal investment strategy for each of the Cantor Fitzgerald High Income Fund (the "High Income Fund") and Cantor Fitzgerald Equity Opportunity Fund (the "Equity Opportunity Fund") (each, a "Fund," and collectively, the "Funds") is provided in that Fund's summary section. Additional information regarding the principal investment strategy and other investment policies for each Fund is provided below.

#### **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES**

The High Income Fund seeks to high current income. Capital appreciation is a secondary objective when consistent with its primary objective. The Equity Opportunity Fund seeks capital appreciation. Each Fund's investment objective is not a fundamental policy and can be changed without shareholder approval by a vote of the Board. Shareholders will receive 60 days' prior written notice before a change to the investment objectives. Shareholders will also receive 60 days' prior written notice before a change to the Equity Opportunity Fund's 80% investment policy in equity securities or the High Income Fund's 80% investment policy in income-producing securities takes place. There is no guarantee that the Funds will achieve their investment objectives.

#### PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

#### CANTOR FITZGERALD HIGH INCOME FUND

The Fund pursues its investment objectives by investing, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets plus any borrowings for investment purposes in income-producing securities. Such securities may be rated at any level by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations or they may be unrated. The Fund's portfolio will typically include a high proportion, up to 100%, of high-yield/high-risk securities rated below investment grade. Such securities are sometimes called "junk bonds." Junk bonds are considered speculative investments.

The bonds the Fund purchases can be of any maturity but the average effective weighted maturity of the Fund's portfolio will normally be within one year of the average maturity of the Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Total Return Index Value Unhedged. The average maturity of the Index as of December 31, 2024 was 4.72 years. Maturity is the length of time during which the owner of the bond will receive interest payments on the investment. The Sub-Advisor may vary the composition of the Fund's portfolio to adjust the average-weighted effective maturity, duration, yield curve positioning and overall credit quality rating of the portfolio to reflect its analysis of interest rate trends. Thus, the Sub-Advisor may attempt to shorten the Fund's average-weighted effective maturity and duration when the Sub-Advisor expects interest rates to rise and to lengthen it when it expects interest rates to fall.

In addition to considering economic factors such as the effect of interest rates on the Fund's investments, the Sub-Advisor applies a "bottom up" approach in choosing investments. This means that the Sub-Advisor considers the individual characteristics of each potential investment in an income-producing security to determine if it is an attractive investment opportunity and consistent with the Fund's investment policies. The Sub-Advisor also employs a relative value analysis (analysis based upon valuations of investments with similar ratings and duration) and fundamental credit research (examining published financial results for improving balance sheets, improving cash flow or interest coverage, improving and/or unexpected earnings growth and management quality) on potential investments in an effort to identify companies with attractive characteristics and/or strong business models (the Sub-Advisor believes strong business models include such things as brand awareness, intellectual property, market position, or having resources others do not). The Sub-Advisor will consider selling a position if: (1) a position becomes a disproportionately large portion of the Fund's portfolio (more than about 5%); (2) using the same relative value analysis described above, the Sub-Advisor believes it is overpriced; (3) company becomes less attractive using the same relative value analysis described above due to

weakening projections for the company's future performance; or (4) external factors such as market shifts or regulatory changes make the security no longer attractive using the same relative value analysis described above. The Sub-Advisor's buy and sell decisions typically result in a portfolio turnover rate of 30% to 50% under normal circumstances and a portfolio of 50 to 80 positions.

Within the parameters of the Fund's specific investment policies, the Fund may invest without limit in foreign debt, including debt of emerging markets issuers. The Fund may invest directly in foreign securities denominated in a foreign currency and not publicly traded in the United States.

The Fund may invest in securities which are subordinated to more senior securities of the issuer, or which represent interests in pools of such subordinated securities.

From time to time, the Fund may hold significant amounts of cash or other short-term investments in response to market volatility, while seeking to identify investment opportunities for the Fund, or for other reasons.

The Statement of Additional Information also describes non-principal investment strategies that the Fund may use, including investing in other types of investments that are not described in this prospectus.

## CANTOR FITZGERALD EQUITY OPPORTUNITY FUND

The Fund invests primarily in equity securities of U.S. issuers. The Fund invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities. In addition to common stocks, exchange traded funds that invest primarily in equity securities, warrants, convertible bonds and preferred stock are considered equity securities for purposes of the Fund's 80% policy. The Fund will also examine the holdings of any investment companies in which it invests for purposes of the Fund's 80% policy.

The Fund's investment strategy focuses on factors specific to each investment, including: internal changes to the company or external changes in the company's environment that drive improving balance sheet, cash flow, or earnings growth; hidden or unappreciated value (unexpected earnings growth potential where the Sub-Advisor believes the company can report results ahead of the consensus of analysts' expectations); management quality; and a strong business model (in the Sub-Advisor's opinion, solid earnings quality indicating sustainability to the company's growth). The Fund invests in equity securities that can be characterized as "growth" (companies with an above average earnings growth rate) or "value" (companies with a below average price-to-earnings ratio), as both kinds of companies may have characteristics that make the investment attractive. The Fund invests in a range of stock market capitalizations that could include small-cap, mid- cap, and large-cap. Companies favored in the research process are those viewed to be fiscally responsible and demonstrating management alignment with shareholder value, qualities that have the potential to deliver benefits to investors. Fiscally responsible companies typically exhibit solid operating cash flow generation relative to reported net income, lower than average debt-to-capital ratio, and an ability to generate high return on assets. Company managements that demonstrate alignment with shareholder interests will typically redeploy cash when an investment will improve overall returns, or otherwise return capital to shareholders in the form of dividends.

Mid-cap companies have typically represented a large portion of the companies identified in the Sub-Advisor's research process. Although the Fund may invest in securities of companies of any market capitalization, the Fund typically invests a substantial portion of its assets in the securities of mid-cap companies.

The Fund may invest up to 15% of its net assets in foreign securities.

From time to time, the Fund may hold significant amounts of cash or other short-term investments in response to market volatility, while seeking to identify investment opportunities for the Fund, or for other reasons.

The Statement of Additional Information also describes non-principal investment strategies that the Fund may use, including investing in other types of investments that are not described in this prospectus.

## Additional Information About Each Fund's Principal Investment Strategies

Equity Investments (For Equity Opportunity Fund). The Sub-Advisor believes that markets are inefficient, that opportunities exist to find stocks that will outperform the market over time, and that these opportunities are most likely to exist in companies experiencing positive changes in their businesses. The Sub-Advisor looks to identify changes occurring at the sector, industry, and company level due to innovation, changes in regulation or other factors such as supply and demand imbalances. The Sub-Advisor seeks to identify companies benefiting from these changes and conducts extensive research on the sustainability of the growth based on factors in the companies' business models such as dominant market share, pricing power, unique access to natural resources, product cycles and more. Once the Sub-Advisor identifies a company that it believes has a strong business model, the Sub-Advisor considers the price of the investment and the value likely to be realized by investors based on market expectations and relative valuation.

The Sub-Advisor's analysts typically focus on analyzing revenue streams and growth potential, conducting detailed analysis of cash flow, free cash flow, margins, and profits. The Sub-Advisor's analytical process also strives to find improving balance sheets that in turn provide opportunity for future growth and profitability.

#### **Fixed Income Securities**

Fixed income securities represent obligations of corporations, governments and other entities to repay money borrowed. The issuer or borrower of the security usually pays a fixed, variable or floating rate of interest and repays the amount borrowed, usually at the maturity of the instrument. However, some fixed income securities, such as zero coupon bonds, do not pay current interest but are sold at a discount from their face values. Other debt instruments, such as certain mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities, make periodic payments of interest and/or principal. Some debt instruments are partially or fully secured by collateral supporting the payment of interest and principal. "Fixed income securities" are commonly referred to as "notes," "debt," "debt obligations," "debt securities," "corporate debt," "bonds" and "corporate bonds," and these terms are used in this Prospectus interchangeably, and, where used, are not intended to be limiting.

*Variable and Floating Rate Securities.* Variable rate securities reset at specified intervals, while floating rate securities reset whenever there is a change in a specified index rate. In most cases, these reset provisions reduce the impact of changes in market interest rates on the value of the security. However, the value of these securities may decline if their interest rates do not rise as much, or as quickly, as interest rates in general. Conversely, floating rate securities will not generally increase in value if interest rates decline.

Corporate Debt. Corporate debt securities are fixed income securities usually issued by businesses to finance their operations. Various types of business entities may issue these securities, including corporations, trusts, limited partnerships, limited liability companies and other types of non-governmental legal entities. Notes, bonds, debentures and commercial paper are the most common types of corporate debt securities, with the primary difference being their maturities and secured or unsecured status. Commercial paper has the shortest term and is usually unsecured. The broad category of corporate debt securities includes debt issued by U.S. or foreign companies of all kinds, including those with small, mid and large capitalizations. Corporate debt may be rated investment grade or below investment grade and may carry variable or floating rates of interest.

*High-Yield/High-Risk Bonds*. A high-yield/high-risk bond (also called a "junk bond") is a bond rated below investment grade by major rating agencies (e.g., BB+ or lower by Standard & Poor's and Fitch or Ba or lower by Moody's) or an unrated bond of similar quality. It presents greater risk of default (failure to make timely interest and principal payments) than higher quality bonds.

**Zero coupon, pay-in-kind and deferred interest securities.** Zero coupon, pay-in-kind and deferred interest securities may be used by issuers to manage cash flow and maintain liquidity. Zero coupon securities pay no interest during the life of the obligation but are issued at prices below their stated maturity value. Because zero

coupon securities pay no interest until maturity, their prices may fluctuate more than other types of securities with the same maturity in the secondary market. However, zero coupon bonds are useful as a tool for managing duration.

Pay-in-kind securities have a stated coupon, but the interest is generally paid in the form of obligations of the same type as the underlying pay-in-kind securities (e.g. bonds) rather than in cash. These securities are more sensitive to the credit quality of the underlying issuer and their secondary market prices may fluctuate more than other types of securities with the same maturity.

Deferred interest securities are obligations that generally provide for a period of delay before the regular payment of interest begins and are issued at a significant discount from face value.

Certain zero coupon, pay-in-kind and deferred interest securities are subject to tax rules applicable to debt obligations acquired with "original issue discount." The Fund would generally have to accrue income on these securities for federal income tax purposes before it receives corresponding cash payments. Because the Fund intends to make sufficient annual distributions of its taxable income, including accrued non-cash income, in order to maintain its federal income tax status and avoid Fund-level income and excise taxes, the Fund might be required to liquidate portfolio securities at a disadvantageous time, or borrow cash, to make these distributions. The Fund also accrues income on these securities prior to receipt for accounting purposes. To the extent it is deemed collectible, accrued income is taken into account when calculating the value of these securities and the Fund's net asset value per share, in accordance with the Fund's valuation policies.

When-issued securities, delayed delivery, to be announced and forward commitment transactions. The Fund may purchase securities under arrangements (called when-issued, delayed delivery, to be announced or forward commitment basis) where the securities will not be delivered or paid for immediately. The Fund will set aside assets to pay for these securities at the time of the agreement. Such transactions involve a risk of loss if the value of the securities declines prior to the settlement date or if the assets set aside to pay for these securities decline in value prior to the settlement date. Therefore, these transactions may have a leveraging effect on the Fund, making the value of an investment in the Fund more volatile and increasing the Fund's overall investment exposure. Typically, no income accrues on securities the Fund has committed to purchase prior to the time delivery of the securities is made, although the Fund may earn income on securities it has set aside to cover these positions.

Average-Weighted Effective Maturity. The stated maturity of a bond is the date when the issuer must repay the bond's entire principal value to an investor. Some types of bonds may also have an "effective maturity" that is shorter than the stated date due to prepayment or call provisions. Securities without prepayment or call provisions generally have an effective maturity equal to their stated maturity. Average-weighted effective maturity is calculated by averaging the effective maturity of bonds held by the Fund with each effective maturity weighted according to the percentage of net assets that it represents.

**Duration.** Duration is a measure of the underlying portfolio's price sensitivity to changes in prevailing interest rates. Unlike maturity, duration reflects both principal and interest payments. Generally, the higher the coupon rate on a bond, the lower its duration will be. The duration of the Fund is calculated by averaging the duration of bonds held by the Fund, with each duration weighted according to the percentage of net assets that it represents. Because duration accounts for interest payments, the Fund's duration is usually shorter than its average maturity.

#### **Equity securities**

Equity securities include warrants, rights, exchange traded and over-the-counter common stocks, baskets of equity securities such as exchange traded funds, depositary receipts, trust certificates, limited partnership interests and shares of other investment companies and real estate investment trusts.

Equity securities represent an ownership interest in the issuing company. Holders of equity securities are not creditors of the company, and in the event of the liquidation of the company, would be entitled to their pro rata share of the company's assets, if any, after creditors, including the holders of fixed income securities, and holders of any senior equity securities are paid. Equity securities generally have greater price volatility than fixed income securities.

*Warrants and rights.* Warrants and rights permit, but do not obligate, their holders to subscribe for other securities. Warrants and rights are subject to the same market risks as stocks, but may be more volatile in price. An investment in warrants or rights may be considered speculative. In addition, the value of a warrant or right does not necessarily change with the value of the underlying securities and a warrant or right ceases to have value if it is not exercised prior to its expiration date.

*Preferred stock.* Preferred stock represents an interest in a company that generally entitles the holder to receive, in preference to the holders of common stock, dividends and a fixed share of the proceeds resulting from a liquidation of the company. Preferred stocks may pay fixed or adjustable rates of return.

Convertible securities. Convertible fixed income securities convert into shares of common stock of their issuer. Preferred stock and convertible fixed income securities share investment characteristics of both fixed income and equity securities. However, the value of these securities tends to vary more with fluctuations in the underlying common stock and less with fluctuations in interest rates and tends to exhibit greater volatility.

#### **Derivative Instruments**

Each Fund may, but is not required to, use derivative instruments, such as futures, options, swaps and warrants, for a variety of purposes, including to "hedge" or protect its portfolio from adverse movements in securities prices and interest rates. However, a Fund's performance could be worse than if the Fund had not used such instruments if the Sub-Advisor's judgment proves incorrect.

Using derivatives, especially for non-hedging purposes, may involve greater risks to a Fund than investing directly in securities, particularly as these instruments may be very complex and may not behave in the manner anticipated by the Fund. Certain derivative transactions may have a leveraging effect on a Fund.

A Fund may choose not to make use of derivatives for a variety of reasons, and any use may be limited by applicable law and regulations.

## **General Portfolio Policies**

Except for a Fund's policies with respect to investments in illiquid securities and borrowing, the percentage limitations included in the policies in this Prospectus apply at the time of purchase of a security. So, for example, if a Fund exceeds a limit as a result of market fluctuations or the sale of other securities, it will not be required to dispose of any securities.

#### **Illiquid Investments**

Each Fund may invest up to 15% of its net assets in illiquid investments. An illiquid investment is an investment that the Fund reasonably expects cannot be sold or disposed of in current market conditions in seven calendar days or less without the sale or disposition significantly changing the market value of the investment. Certain restricted securities may be determined to be liquid pursuant to the Funds' liquidity risk management program, and will not be counted toward this 15% limit.

## **Special Situations**

Each Fund may invest in special situations. A special situation arises when, in the opinion of the Sub-Advisor, the securities of a particular issuer are likely to appreciate in market value due to a specific development with respect to that issuer. Special situations may include significant changes in a company's allocation of its existing capital, a restructuring of assets or a redirection of free cash flow. Developments creating a special situation might include, among others, a new product or process, a technological breakthrough, a management change or other extraordinary corporate event, or differences in market supply of and demand for the security. A Fund's performance could suffer if the anticipated development in a "special situation" investment does not occur, is delayed or does not elicit the expected market response.

#### Portfolio Turnover

Each Fund generally intends to purchase securities for long-term investment, although, to the extent permitted by its specific investment policies, each Fund may purchase securities in anticipation of relatively short-term price gains. Short-term transactions may also result from liquidity needs, securities having reached a price or yield objective, changes in interest rates or the credit standing of an issuer, or by reason of economic or other developments not foreseen at the time of the investment decision. Each Fund may also sell one security and simultaneously purchase the same or a comparable security to take advantage of short-term differentials in bond yields or securities prices. Portfolio turnover is affected by market conditions, changes in the size of a Fund, the nature of a Fund's investments and the investment style of the Sub-Advisor. Changes are made in a Fund's portfolio whenever the Sub-Advisor believes such changes are desirable. Portfolio turnover rates are generally not a factor in making buy and sell decisions.

Increased portfolio turnover may result in higher costs for brokerage commissions, dealer mark-ups and other transaction costs and may also result in increased recognition of short-term capital gains, which are taxable as ordinary income when distributed to shareholders. Higher costs associated with increased portfolio turnover may offset gains in a Fund's performance.

## **Credit Downgrades and Other Credit Events**

Credit rating or credit quality of a security is determined at the time of purchase. If, after purchase, the credit rating on a security is downgraded or the credit quality deteriorates, or if the duration of a security is extended, the Sub-Advisor will decide whether the security should continue to be held or sold. Upon the occurrence of certain triggering events or defaults on a security held by a Fund, or if an obligor of such a security has difficulty meeting its obligations, the Fund may obtain or exchange a new or restructured security or underlying assets. In that case, the Fund may become the holder of securities or other assets that it could not purchase or might not otherwise hold (for example, because they are of lower quality or are subordinated to other obligations of the issuer) at a time when those assets may be difficult to sell or can be sold only at a loss. In addition, a Fund may incur expenses in an effort to protect the Fund's interest in securities experiencing these events.

#### **Cash Management**

Each Fund may invest its assets in money market funds, any type of taxable money market instrument and short-term debt securities, or may hold cash uninvested.

#### MORE INFORMATION ABOUT RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUNDS

The loss of your money is a principal risk of investing in a Fund. Investments in a Fund are subject to investment risks, including the possible loss of some or the entire principal amount invested. There can be no assurance that a Fund will be successful in meeting its investment objective. Generally, a Fund will be subject to the following risks:

	High Income	Equity Opportunity
Risk	Fund	Fund
Credit Risk	✓	
Cybersecurity Risk	✓	✓
Emerging Market Securities Risk	✓	✓
Equity Securities Risk		✓
Extension Risk	✓	
Foreign Securities Risk	✓	✓
Interest Rate Risk	✓	
Investment Risk	✓	✓
Junk Bonds Risk	✓	
Liquidity Risk	✓	
Market Risk	✓	✓
Portfolio Selection Risk	✓	✓
Portfolio Turnover Risk		✓
Prepayment or Call Risk	✓	
Redemption Risk	✓	✓
Small and Mid-Cap Companies Risk		✓
Subordinated Securities	✓	
Valuation Risk	✓	

Credit Risk. If an obligor (such as the issuer itself or a party offering credit enhancement) for a security held by a Fund fails to pay, otherwise defaults, is perceived to be less creditworthy, becomes insolvent or files for bankruptcy or a security's credit rating is downgraded or the credit quality or value of any underlying assets declines, the value of your investment in the Fund could decline. Changes in actual or perceived creditworthiness may occur quickly. If a Fund enters into financial contracts (such as when-issued and delayed delivery transactions), the Fund will be subject to the credit risk presented by the counterparty. In addition, a Fund may incur expenses and suffer delays in an effort to protect the Fund's interests or to enforce its rights. Credit risk is broadly gauged by the credit ratings of the securities in which a Fund invests. However, ratings are only the opinions of the companies issuing them and are not guarantees as to quality. Securities rated in the lowest category of investment grade (i.e., Baa/BBB) may possess certain speculative characteristics.

Cybersecurity Risk. Cybersecurity failures by and breaches of a Fund's Manager, Transfer Agent, Custodian, Distributor or other service providers may disrupt Fund operations, interfere with the Fund's ability to calculate its NAV, prevent Fund shareholders from purchasing, redeeming or exchanging shares or receiving distributions or receiving timely information regarding a Fund or their investment in a Fund, cause loss of or unauthorized access to private shareholder information, or result in financial losses to a Fund and its shareholders, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, or additional compliance costs. Substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent any cyber incidents in the future. A Fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result. Substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent any cyber incidents in the future. A Fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result. New ways to carry out cyber attacks continue to develop. There is a chance that some risks have not been identified or prepared for, or that an attack may not be detected, which puts limitations on a Fund's ability to plan for or respond to a cyber attack.

**Emerging Market Securities Risk.** The risks of foreign investment are greater for investments in emerging markets. Emerging market countries typically have economic and political systems that are less fully developed,

and that can be expected to be less stable, than those of more advanced countries. For example, the economies of such countries can be subject to rapid and unpredictable rates of inflation or deflation. Low trading volumes may result in a lack of liquidity and in price volatility. Emerging market countries may have policies that restrict investment by foreigners or that prevent foreign investors from withdrawing their money at will. Emerging market economies tend to be less diversified than those of more developed countries. They typically have fewer medical and economic resources than more developed countries and thus they may be less able to control or mitigate the effects of a pandemic. Because each Fund may invest a significant amount of its assets in emerging market securities, investors should be able to tolerate sudden, sometimes substantial, fluctuations in the value of their investments. An investment in emerging market securities should be considered speculative.

**Equity Securities Risk.** Securities fluctuate in price based on changes in a company's financial condition and overall market and economic conditions. The market price of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than the market as a whole and can perform differently from the value of the market as a whole.

**Extension Risk.** When interest rates rise, repayments of fixed income securities may occur more slowly than anticipated, extending the effective duration of these fixed income securities at below market interest rates and causing their market prices to decline even more than they would have declined due to the rise in interest rates alone. This may cause a Fund's share price to be more volatile.

**Foreign Securities Risk.** Investments in foreign securities (including those denominated in U.S. dollars) are subject to economic and political developments in the countries and regions where the issuers operate or are domiciled, or where the securities are traded, such as changes in economic or monetary policies. Values may also be affected by restrictions on receiving the investment proceeds from a foreign country.

Less information may be publicly available about foreign companies and markets than about U.S. companies and markets. Foreign companies are generally not subject to the same accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards as are U.S. companies. It may be difficult for the Fund to pursue claims against a foreign issuer in the courts of a foreign country. Some securities issued by non-U.S. governments or their subdivisions, agencies and instrumentalities may not be backed by the full faith and credit of such governments. Even where a security is backed by the full faith and credit of a government, it may be difficult for a Fund to pursue its rights against the government. Some non-U.S. governments have defaulted on principal and interest payments, and more may do so. In addition, a Fund's investments in foreign securities may be subject to the risk of nationalization or expropriation of assets, imposition of currency exchange controls or restrictions on the repatriation of foreign currency, confiscatory taxation, political or financial instability, military conflicts and sanctions, terrorism, arbitrary application of laws and regulations or lack of rule of law, and adverse diplomatic developments. Dividends or interest on, or proceeds from the sale of, foreign securities may be subject to non-U.S. withholding taxes, and special U.S. tax considerations may apply. Costs of buying, selling and holding foreign securities, including brokerage, tax and custody costs, may be higher than those involved in domestic transactions. In certain foreign markets, settlement and clearance procedures may result in delays in payment for or delivery of securities not typically associated with settlement and clearance of U.S. investments. Sanctions or other government actions against certain countries could negatively impact a Fund's investments in securities that have exposure to those countries. Circumstances that impact one country could have profound impacts on other countries and on global economies or markets.

Russia launched a large-scale invasion of Ukraine on February 24, 2022. In response to the military action by Russia, various countries, including the U.S., the United Kingdom, and European Union issued broad-ranging economic sanctions against Russia and Belarus and certain companies and individuals. Russia has taken retaliatory actions, including preventing repatriation of capital by U.S. and other investors. Since then, Russian securities lost all, or nearly all, their market value, and many other issuers, securities and markets have been adversely affected. The ongoing conflict has resulted in significant market disruptions, including in certain markets, industries and sectors, such as the oil and natural gas markets, and negatively affected global supply

chains, food supplies, inflation and global growth. The U.S. and other countries may impose sanctions on other countries, companies and individuals in light of Russia's military invasion. The extent and duration of the military action or future escalation of such hostilities, the extent and impact of existing and future sanctions, market disruptions and volatility, and the result of any diplomatic negotiations cannot be predicted. These and any related events could have a significant impact on the value and liquidity of certain Fund investments, on Fund performance and the value of an investment in a Fund.

China and other developing market countries may be subject to considerable degrees of economic, political and social instability. Markets in China and other Asian countries are relatively new and undeveloped. China's economic health is largely dependent upon exports, and may be dependent upon the economies of other Asian countries. Investments in Chinese and other Asian issuers could be adversely affected by changes in government policies, or trade or political disputes with major trading partners, including the U.S. China's growing trade surplus with the U.S. has given rise to trade disputes and the imposition of tariffs. The U.S. has also restricted the sale of certain goods to China. In addition, the U.S. government has imposed restrictions on U.S. investor participation in certain Chinese investments. These matters could adversely affect China's economy. China's central government exercises significant control over China's economy and may intervene in the financial markets, such as by imposing trading restrictions, and investments in Chinese issuers could be adversely affected by changes in government policies. The Chinese economy could be adversely affected by supply chain disruptions. The effect of China's recent relaxation of its zero-COVID policy on China's economy and global supply chains may not be fully known for some time. An economic slowdown in China could adversely affect economies of other emerging market countries that trade with China, as well as companies operating in those countries. Economies of Asian countries and Asian issuers could be adversely affected by regional security threats. In addition, China's long-running conflict over Taiwan's sovereignty, border disputes with many neighbors and historically strained relations with other Asian countries could result in military conflict that could adversely impact the economies of China and other Asian countries, disrupt supply chains, and severely affect global economies and markets.

Each Fund may invest in securities denominated in foreign currencies, and, as a consequence, the Fund's share price and yield can be affected by changes in the rates of exchange between those currencies and the U.S. dollar. Currency exchange rates may be volatile and may be affected by, among other factors, the general economic conditions of a country, the actions of the U.S. and foreign governments or central banks, the imposition of currency controls, and speculation. A security may be denominated in a currency that is different from the currency of the country where the issuer is domiciled.

Interest Rate Risk. The market prices of securities may fluctuate significantly when interest rates change. When interest rates rise, the value of fixed income securities generally falls. In recent years, interest rates and credit spreads in the U.S. have been at historic lows. The U.S. Federal Reserve has raised certain rates, and interest rates may continue to go up. A general rise in interest rates could adversely affect the price and liquidity of fixed income securities and could also result in increased redemptions from a Fund. Generally, the longer the maturity or duration of a fixed income security, the greater the impact of a rise in interest rates on the security's value. However, calculations of maturity or duration may be based on estimates and may not reliably predict a security's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates. Moreover, securities can change in value in response to other factors, such as credit risk. In addition, different interest rate measures (such as short- and long-term interest rates and U.S. and foreign interest rates), or interest rates on different types of securities or securities of different issuers, may not necessarily change in the same amount or in the same direction. When interest rates go down, the income received by a Fund, and the Fund's yield, will decline. Also, when interest rates decline, investments made by a Fund may pay a lower interest rate, which would reduce the income received and distributed by the Fund; however, the value of fixed income securities generally rises when interest rates decline. The maturity of a security may be significantly longer than its effective duration. A security's maturity and other features may be more relevant than its effective duration in determining the security's sensitivity to other factors affecting the issuer or markets generally such as changes in credit quality or in the yield premium that the market may establish for certain types of securities (sometimes called "credit spread"). In general, the longer its maturity

the more a security may be susceptible to these factors. When the credit spread for a fixed income security goes up or "widens," the value of the security will generally go down.

Certain fixed income securities pay interest at variable or floating rates. Variable rate securities tend to reset at specified intervals, while floating rate securities may reset whenever there is a change in a specified index rate. In most cases, these reset provisions reduce the impact of changes in market interest rates on the value of the security. However, during a period of rapidly rising interest rates, the changes in the coupon rates of the Fund's variable rate securities may temporarily lag behind changes in market rates and shareholders could suffer loss of principal if they sell shares of a Fund before interest rates in the Fund's securities or the assets underlying the securities are adjusted to reflect current market rates. In addition, some securities do not track the underlying index directly, but reset based on formulas that may produce a leveraging effect; others may also provide for interest payments that vary inversely with market rates. The market prices of these securities may fluctuate significantly when interest rates change. In turn, the income or return generated by the Funds may decline due to a decrease in market interest rates.

**Investment Risk.** The value of the Fund's investments, like other market investments, may move up or down, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably. All investments involve risks, including the risk that the entire amount invested may be lost. No guarantee or representation is made that the Fund's investment objectives will be achieved.

Various sectors of the global financial markets have been experiencing an extended period of adverse conditions. Market uncertainty has increased dramatically, particularly in the United States and Europe, and adverse market conditions have expanded to other markets. These conditions have resulted in disruption of markets, periods of reduced liquidity, greater volatility, general volatility of spreads, an acute contraction in the availability of credit and a lack of price transparency. These volatile and often difficult global market conditions have episodically adversely affected the market values of many securities, and this volatility may continue and conditions could even deteriorate further. Some of the largest banks and companies across many sectors of the economy in the United States and Europe have declared bankruptcy, entered into insolvency, administration or similar proceedings, been nationalized by government authorities, and/or agreed to merge with or be acquired by other banks or companies that had been considered their peers. The long-term impact of these events is uncertain, but could continue to have a material effect on general economic conditions, consumer and business confidence and market liquidity.

Junk Bonds Risk. Each Fund will be subject to greater levels of credit risk to the extent that the Fund holds below investment grade debt securities (that is, securities rated below Baa/BBB or unrated securities of comparable quality), or "junk bonds". These securities have a higher risk of issuer default because, among other reasons, issuers of junk bonds often have more debt in relation to total capitalization than issuers of investment grade securities. These securities are considered speculative, tend to be less liquid and are more difficult to value than higher rated securities and may involve major risk of exposure to adverse conditions and negative sentiments. These securities may be in default or in danger of default as to principal and interest. Unrated securities of comparable quality share these risks.

Liquidity Risk. Liquidity risk exists when particular investments, including securities issued in private placement transactions, are difficult to purchase or sell. Although most of the Funds' investments must be liquid at the time of investment, investments may become illiquid after purchase by a Fund, particularly during periods of market turmoil or due to adverse changes in the condition of a particular issuer. Markets may become illiquid when, for instance, there are few, if any, interested buyers and sellers or when dealers are unwilling to make a market for certain securities. As a general matter, dealers recently have been less willing to make markets for fixed income securities. During times of market turmoil, there have been, and may be, no buyers for securities in entire asset classes, including U.S. Treasury securities. A lack of liquidity or other adverse credit market conditions may affect the Fund's ability to sell its investments and to purchase suitable investments. Certain investments in private placements, which are subject to legal or contractual restrictions on resale and/or may lack

a ready market for resale, may be considered illiquid investments. When a Fund holds illiquid investments, the portfolio may be harder to value, especially in changing markets, and if the Fund is forced to sell these investments to meet redemption requests or for other cash needs or to try to limit losses, the Fund may suffer a substantial loss or may not be able to sell at all. A Fund may experience heavy redemptions that could cause the Fund to liquidate its assets at inopportune times or at a loss or depressed value, which could cause the value of your investment to decline. In addition, when there is illiquidity in the market for certain investments, a Fund, due to limitations on illiquid investments, may be unable to achieve its desired level of exposure to a certain sector. Further, certain securities, once sold, may not settle for an extended period (for example, several weeks or even longer). A Fund will not receive its sales proceeds until that time, which may constrain the Fund's ability to meet its obligations (including obligations to redeeming shareholders). Liquidity risk may be magnified in an environment of rising interest rates or widening credit spreads in which investor redemptions may be higher than normal.

**Market Risk.** The risk that all or a majority of the securities in a certain market — such as the stock or bond market — will decline in value because of factors such as adverse political or economic conditions, future expectations, investor confidence, or heavy institutional selling.

**Portfolio Selection Risk.** The value of your investment may decrease if the Sub-Advisor's judgment about the attractiveness, quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular market segment, security, industry, sector or region, or about market movements or interest rates or other market factors, is incorrect, or there may be imperfections, errors or limitations in the models, tools and information used by the Sub-Advisor.

**Portfolio Turnover Risk.** If a Fund does a lot of trading, it may incur additional operating expenses and other costs, which would reduce performance. Trading activity could also cause shareholders to incur a higher level of taxable income or capital gains.

**Prepayment or Call Risk.** Many fixed income securities give the issuer the option to repay or call the security prior to its maturity date. Issuers often exercise this right when interest rates fall. Accordingly, if a Fund holds a fixed income security that can be prepaid or called prior to its maturity date, it will not benefit fully from the increase in value that other fixed income securities generally experience when interest rates fall. Upon prepayment of the security, a Fund could also be forced to reinvest the proceeds at then current yields, which would be lower than the yield of the security that was paid off. In addition, if a Fund purchases a fixed income security at a premium (at a price that exceeds its stated par or principal value), the Fund may lose the amount of the premium paid in the event of prepayment.

**Redemption Risk.** A Fund may experience periods of heavy redemptions that could cause the Fund to liquidate its assets at inopportune times or at a loss or depressed value or accelerate taxable gains or transaction costs, particularly during periods of declining or illiquid markets. Redemption risk is greater to the extent that a Fund has investors with large shareholdings, short investment horizons, or unpredictable cash flow needs. In addition, redemption risk is heightened during periods of overall market turmoil. The redemption by one or more large shareholders of their holdings in a Fund could hurt performance and/or cause the remaining shareholders in the Fund to lose money. If one decision maker has control of Fund shares owned by separate Fund shareholders, including clients or affiliates of the Fund's Manager, redemptions by these shareholders may further increase the Fund's redemption risk. If a Fund is forced to liquidate its assets under unfavorable conditions or at inopportune times, the value of your investment could decline.

**Small and Mid-Cap Companies Risk.** The earnings and prospects of small and medium sized companies are more volatile than larger companies and may experience higher failure rates than larger companies. Small and medium sized companies normally have a lower trading volume than larger companies, which may tend to make their market price fall more disproportionately than larger companies in response to selling pressures and may have limited markets, product lines, or financial resources and lack management experience.

**Subordinated Securities Risk.** Each Fund may invest in securities which are subordinated to more senior securities of the issuer, or which represent interests in pools of such subordinated securities. A Fund is more likely to suffer a credit loss on subordinated securities than on non-subordinated securities of the same issuer. If there is a default, bankruptcy or liquidation of the issuer, most subordinated securities are paid only if sufficient assets remain after payment of the issuer's non-subordinated securities. In addition, any recovery of interest or principal may take more time. As a result, even a perceived decline in creditworthiness of the issuer is likely to have a greater impact on subordinated securities.

Valuation Risk. Many factors may influence the price at which a Fund could sell any particular portfolio investment. The sales price may well differ — higher or lower — from the Fund's valuation of the investment, and such differences could be significant, particularly for illiquid securities and securities that trade in relatively thin markets and/or markets that experience extreme volatility. These differences may increase significantly and affect Fund investments more broadly during periods of market volatility. Nearly all of the High Income Fund's investments are valued using a fair value methodology. Investors who purchase or redeem Fund shares on days when a Fund is holding fair-valued securities may receive fewer or more shares, or lower or higher redemption proceeds, than they would have received if the securities had not been fair-valued securities or if a different valuation methodology had been used. Fixed income securities are typically valued using fair value methodologies. The value of foreign securities, certain fixed income securities and currencies, as applicable, may be materially affected by events after the close of the markets on which they are traded, but before the Fund determines its net asset value. The ability to value a Fund's investments may also be impacted by technological issues and/or errors by pricing services or other third party service providers.

## TEMPORARY DEFENSIVE POSITIONS

Each Fund may, from time to time, take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with a Fund's principal investment strategy in an attempt to respond to adverse market, economic, political, or other conditions. During such an unusual set of circumstances, a Fund may hold up to 100% of its portfolio in cash or cash equivalent positions. When a Fund takes temporary defensive positions, a Fund may not be able to achieve their investment objectives.

## DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

A description of each Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of a Fund's portfolio securities is available in each Fund's Statement of Additional Information.

## MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

**Investment Advisor.** The Funds' investment advisor is Cantor Fitzgerald Investment Advisors, L.P., located at 110 East 59th Street, NY, NY 10022. The Advisor was established and became registered in 2010 as an investment advisor with the SEC under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. The Advisor serves as an investment adviser to individuals, pension plans, charitable organizations, and registered funds. Pursuant to the investment advisory agreement with the Cantor Select Portfolios Trust (the "Trust"), the Advisor manages the investment portfolio and business affairs of the Funds.

#### Advisor Compensation.

For the High Income Fund, as full compensation for the investment advisory services provided to the Fund, the Advisor receives monthly compensation based on the Fund's average daily net assets at the annual rate of 0.65%. For its investment advisory services to the Fund, its prior advisor was paid a management fee by the Predecessor Fund, based on a percentage of the Predecessor Fund's daily net assets, at an annual rate of 0.65%. For the period ended October 17, 2024, the Predecessor Fund paid its prior investment advisor 0.54% and waived or reimbursed 0.55% of the Predecessor Fund's net assets. During the period October 18, 2024 through December 31, 2024, the High Income Fund paid investment advisory fees (after fee waivers) equal to 0.11% of the High Income Fund's average daily net assets.

For the Equity Opportunity Fund, as full compensation for the investment advisory services provided to the Fund, the Advisor receives monthly compensation based on the Fund's average daily net assets at the annual rate of 0.80%. The Predecessor Fund paid its prior advisor monthly compensation based on the Predecessor Fund's average daily net assets at the annual rate of 0.90% of such net asset value on net assets of the Fund up to \$100,000,000, 0.85% on net assets of the Fund above \$100,000,000 to \$250,000,000, and 0.80% of the Fund's net assets above \$250,000,000. For the period ended October 17, 2024, the Predecessor Fund paid its prior investment advisor 0.74% of the Predecessor Fund's net assets. During the period October 18, 2024 through December 31, 2024, the Equity Opportunity Fund paid investment advisory fees (after fee waivers) equal to 0.15% of the Equity Opportunity Fund's average daily net assets.

Expense Limitation Agreement. In the interest of limiting expenses of a Fund, the Advisor has entered into an Expense Limitation Agreement with the Trust, pursuant to which the Advisor has agreed to waive or reduce its management fees and to assume other expenses of a Fund in an amount that limits the Total Annual Operating Expenses of the Fund (exclusive of (i) brokerage fees and commissions; (ii) acquired fund fees and expenses; (iii) fees and expenses associated with investments in other collective investment vehicles or derivative instruments (including, for example, option and swap fees and expenses); (iv) borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense on securities sold short); (v) taxes and (vi) extraordinary expenses, such as litigation expenses (which may include indemnification of Fund officers and Trustees and contractual indemnification of Fund service providers (other than the Advisor) but inclusive of organizational costs and offering costs) to the limits set forth below. This contractual arrangement is in effect through the dates set forth below, unless terminated by the Board of Trustees of the Fund (the "Board" or the "Trustees") for any reason and at any time.

Fund	Expense Cap	Expiration
High Income Fund	1.20% Class A 1.00% Institutional Class 0.93% Class R6	January 31, 2026
Equity Opportunity Fund	1.50% Class A 1.25% Institutional Class 1.18% Class R6	January 31, 2026

The Advisor may recoup investment advisory fees that it waived or Fund expenses that it paid under this agreement for a period of three years from the date the fees were waived or expenses paid, if the recoupment can be achieved without causing the expense ratio of the share class (after the recoupment is taken into account) to exceed the lesser of (i) the expense limit in effect at the time the fees were waived or expenses paid, or (ii) the expense limit in place at the time of the recoupment.

**Sub-Advisor.** The Funds' sub-advisor is Smith Group Asset Management, LLC, (the "Sub-Advisor") located at 100 Crescent Court, Suite 1150, Dallas, TX 75201. The Sub-Advisor is registered as an investment advisor with the SEC under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. Pursuant to a sub-advisory agreement with the Advisor, the Sub-Advisor provides each Fund with a program of continuous supervision of the Fund's assets, including developing the composition of its portfolio, and furnishes advice and recommendations with respect to investments, investment policies, and the purchase and sale of securities. The Sub-Advisor is also responsible for the selection of broker-dealers through which the Fund executes portfolio transactions, subject to the brokerage policies established by the Trustees.

## **Sub-Advisor Compensation.**

For the High Income Fund, as full compensation for the investment advisory services provided to the Fund, the Sub-Advisor is paid a sub-advisory fee by the Advisor, based on a percentage of the Fund's daily net assets, at an annual rate of 0.25%. During the period October 18, 2024 through December 31, 2024, the Advisor paid the Sub-Advisor investment sub-advisory fees equal to 0.25% of the High Income Fund's average daily net assets.

For the Equity Opportunity Fund, as full compensation for the investment advisory services provided to the Fund, the Sub-Advisor is paid a sub-advisory fee by the Advisor, based on a percentage of the Fund's daily net assets, at an annual rate of 0.35%. During the period October 18, 2024 through December 31, 2024, the Advisor paid the Sub-Advisor investment sub-advisory fees equal to 0.35% of the Equity Opportunity Fund's average daily net assets.

**Disclosure Regarding Approval of Investment Advisory Agreement and Sub-Advisory Agreement.** A discussion regarding the Board's basis for the approval of each investment advisory agreement and sub-advisory agreement, as applicable, will be available in the Fund's annual report to shareholders for the period ended December 31, 2024.

**Portfolio Managers.** Each fund is managed by the portfolio manager(s) listed below. The SAI provides additional information about each portfolio manager's compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio manager, and the portfolio manager's ownership in each fund they manage.

## High Income Fund

**Portfolio Managers.** The individuals listed below are jointly and primarily responsible for day to day management of the Fund's portfolio. The Fund's lead portfolio manager is David Schiffman, who has served in that capacity since October 2021. John Brim is also a member of the investment team that manages the Fund and has served as Co-Portfolio Manager since October 18, 2024.

David Schiffman Portfolio Manager. David Schiffman has been Portfolio Manager and Director of Fixed Income Investments at the Sub-Advisor since October 18, 2024. Mr. Schiffman was previously a Portfolio Manager at Aquila Investment Management LLC from September 2021 to October 2024. Mr. Schiffman was Chief Investment Officer and Senior Portfolio Manager of The Terra Group from 2020 to September 2021. Mr. Schiffman was Director of Insurance Investing at Foresters Investment Management Co. from 2017 to 2019, where he was responsible for the management and credit research of all investment-grade and high-yield fixed income, insurance-related assets. Previously, Mr. Schiffman was a senior fixed income portfolio manager and senior financial strategist at First Empire Asset Management from 2011 to 2017, a risk manager and senior compliance officer at UBS International from 2005 to 2011, a director of fixed income investments and senior fixed income portfolio manager at The Pension Boards — United Church of Christ from 2000 to 2005, and a portfolio manager at GRE Insurance Group from 1996 to 1999. Mr. Schiffman is a graduate of the State University of New York at Binghamton where he earned a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics, as well as an MBA in Finance. Mr. Schiffman is a member of the Fixed Income Analysts Society and holds FINRA Series 7 and 63 licenses.

**John D. Brim, CFA** *Chief Investment Officer.* John D. Brim joined Smith Group Asset Management in March 1998 and is president and chief investment officer. Prior to joining the firm, he was a manager within the institutional investment consulting group of Deloitte & Touche from 1997 to 1998. From 1990 to 1997, Brim held a variety of positions, including senior client manager with NationsBank Asset Management in Dallas. He earned his bachelor's degree in economics from Texas A&M University. He is a member of the CFA Institute and the CFA Society of Dallas-Fort Worth.

## **Equity Opportunity Fund**

The individuals listed below are jointly and primarily responsible for day to day management of the Fund's portfolio. The Fund's lead portfolio manager is Eivind Olsen, who has served in that capacity since October 18, 2024. John Brim is also a member of the investment team that manages the Fund and has served as Co-Portfolio Manager since October 18, 2024.

**Eivind Olsen, CFA** *Portfolio Manager*. Eivind Olsen joined Smith Group Asset Management in May 2008 and is a member of the portfolio management team. Prior to joining Smith Group, he was a portfolio manager with

Brazos Capital Management/John McStay Investment Counsel from 1998 to 2008. From 1994 to 1996, he did equity research as an associate analyst with Rauscher Pierce Refsnes. He earned a bachelor's degree in accounting and finance from Texas Christian University and an MBA in finance from the University of Texas at Austin. He is a member of the CFA Institute and the CFA Society of Dallas-Fort Worth.

**John D. Brim, CFA** *Chief Investment Officer.* John D. Brim joined Smith Group Asset Management in March 1998 and is president and chief investment officer. Prior to joining the firm, he was a manager within the institutional investment consulting group of Deloitte & Touche from 1997 to 1998. From 1990 to 1997, Brim held a variety of positions, including senior client manager with NationsBank Asset Management in Dallas. He earned his bachelor's degree in economics from Texas A&M University. He is a member of the CFA Institute and the CFA Society of Dallas-Fort Worth.

#### DISTRIBUTOR

Ultimus Fund Distributors, LLC ("Distributor"), is the principal underwriter and distributor of each of the Funds' shares on a best-efforts basis, subject to various conditions, and serves as each of the Funds' exclusive agent for the distribution of a Fund shares. The Distributor may sell each of the Funds' shares to or through qualified securities dealers or others.

Each of the Funds have adopted a plan of distribution (the "Distribution Plan") pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act to pay to the Distributor a Distribution Fee for certain activities relating to the distribution of shares to investors and maintenance of shareholder accounts. Pursuant to the Distribution Plan, a Fund may (i) incur certain expenses, including reimbursing the Distributor and others for items such as marketing and other activities reasonably intended to result in sales of Class A shares of the Funds, and/or (ii) pay compensation for providing account maintenance services to the Class A shares of the Funds, including arranging for certain dealers or brokers, administrators, and others to provide them services.

The Distribution Plan provides that the High Income Fund may annually pay the Distributor up to 0.20% of the average daily net assets attributable to its Class A Shares. The Distribution Plan provides that the Equity Opportunity Fund may annually pay the Distributor up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets attributable to its Class A Shares. These payments are commonly referred to as "12b-1 fees." Because the 12b-1 fees are paid out of each of the Fund's assets on an on-going basis, over time, these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales loads.

## **INVESTING IN THE FUND(S)**

Choosing a Share Class. Through this prospectus, each of the Funds offers multiple different classes of shares. Shares may be purchased by any account managed by the Advisor and any other institutional investor or any broker-dealer authorized to sell shares in the Funds. Each class represents interests in the same portfolio of investments and has the same rights, but each class differs with respect to sales loads, minimum investments, and ongoing expenses, allowing you to choose the class that best suits your needs. You should consider the amount you want to invest, how long you plan to invest, and whether you plan to make additional investments.

Please also see the "Broker-defined sales charge waiver policies" section in this Prospectus for information provided to the Fund by certain financial intermediaries on sales charge discounts and waivers that may be available to you through your financial intermediary. Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through a financial intermediary may also be eligible for sales charge discounts or waivers which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this Prospectus or SAI. The availability of certain initial or deferred sales charge waivers and discounts may depend on the particular financial intermediary or type of account through which you purchase or hold Fund shares. It is the responsibility of the financial intermediary to implement any of its proprietary sales charge discounts or waivers listed in "Broker-defined sales charge waiver policies" or otherwise. Accordingly, you should consult with your financial intermediary to determine whether you qualify for any sales charge discounts or waivers.

Each investor's considerations are different. You should speak with your financial representative or broker-dealer to help you decide which class of shares is best for you. Set forth below is a brief description of each class of shares offered by the Funds.

#### **Class A Shares**

- A 4.00% front-end sales charge for the High Income Fund and a 5.75% front-end sales charge for the Equity Opportunity Fund.
- Distribution and service plan (Rule 12b-1) fees of 0.20% for the High Income Fund and 0.25% for the Equity Opportunity Fund.
- No contingent deferred sales charge on shares redeemed.
- Generally, \$1,000 minimum for initial investment and \$100 minimum for subsequent investments. For IRAs, Uniform Gifts/Transfers to Minors Act accounts, direct deposit purchase plans, and automatic investment plans, \$250 minimum for initial investment and \$25 minimum for subsequent investments. For Coverdell Education Savings Accounts, \$500 minimum for initial investment and \$25 minimum for subsequent investments.
- If you invest \$50,000 or more your front-end sales charge will be reduced.
- You may qualify for other reduced sales charges and, under certain circumstances, the sales charge may be waived, as described in "How to reduce your sales charge" below.
- Because of the higher 12b-1 fee, Class A shares have higher expenses and any dividends paid on these shares are generally lower than dividends on Institutional Class.

#### **Institutional Class Shares**

- No front-end sales charge.
- No distribution or service plan (Rule 12b-1) fees.
- No contingent deferred sales charge on shares redeemed.
- · No minimum initial investment (except for shares purchased through an automatic investment plan).
- Institutional Class shares are available for purchase only by the following:
  - retirement plans or certain other programs that are maintained on platforms sponsored by financial intermediary firms, provided the financial intermediary firms or their trust companies (or entities performing similar trading/clearing functions) have entered into an agreement with the Distributor (or its affiliate) related to such plans or programs;
  - tax-exempt employee benefit plans of the Sub-Advisor, its affiliates, and securities dealers that have a selling agreement with the Distributor;
  - a bank, trust company, or similar financial institution investing for its own account or for the account of its trust customers for whom the financial institution is exercising investment discretion in purchasing Institutional Class shares, except where the investment is part of a program that requires payment to the financial institution of a Rule 12b-1 Plan fee;
  - registered investment advisors (RIAs) investing on behalf of clients that consist solely of institutions
    and high net worth individuals whose assets are entrusted to an RIA for investment purposes for
    accounts requiring Institutional Class shares (use of the Institutional Class shares is restricted to RIAs
    who are not affiliated or associated with a broker or dealer and who derive compensation for their
    services exclusively from their advisory clients);

- current and former officers, Trustees, and employees of the Trust, the Advisor, any of the Advisor's current affiliates and any affiliates that may in the future be created;
- programs sponsored by, controlled by, and/or clearing transactions submitted through a financial intermediary where: (1) such programs allow or require the purchase of Institutional Class shares; (2) a financial intermediary has entered into an agreement with the Distributor and/or the transfer agent allowing certain purchases of Institutional Class shares; and (3) a financial intermediary (i) charges clients an ongoing fee for advisory, investment consulting or similar services, or (ii) offers the Institutional Class shares through a no-commission network or platform;
- through a brokerage program of a financial intermediary that has entered into a written agreement with the Distributor and/or the transfer agent specifically allowing purchases of Institutional Class shares in such programs; or
- private investment vehicles, including, but not limited to, foundations and endowments.
- A shareholder transacting in Institutional Class shares through a broker or other financial intermediary may be required to pay a commission and/or other forms of compensation to the financial intermediary.

#### Class R6 Shares

- No front-end sales charge.
- No distribution or service plan (Rule 12b-1) fees.
- No contingent deferred sales charge on shares redeemed.
- No minimum initial investment (except for shares purchased through an automatic investment plan).
- Class R6 shares do not pay any service fees, sub-accounting fees, and/or subtransfer agency fees to any brokers, dealers, or other financial intermediaries.
- Class R6 shares are generally available to certain employer-sponsored retirement plans, such as 401(k) plans, 457 plans, 403(b) plans, profit-sharing plans and money purchase pension plans, defined benefit plans, employer-sponsored benefit plans, and non-qualified deferred compensation plans. In addition, for these employer-sponsored retirement plans, the Class R6 shares must be held through plan level or omnibus accounts held on the books of the Fund, and Class R6 shares are only available for purchase through financial intermediaries who have the appropriate agreement with the Distributor (or its affiliates) related to Class R6.
- Class R6 shares are also available for purchase through certain programs, platforms, or accounts that are maintained or sponsored by financial intermediary firms (including but not limited to, brokers, dealers, banks, trust companies, or entities performing trading/clearing functions), provided that the financial intermediary firm has entered into an agreement with the Distributor (or its affiliates) related to Class R6 for such programs, platforms or accounts.
- In addition to the foregoing list of eligible investors, Class R6 shares are generally available to certain institutional investors and high net worth individuals who make a minimum initial investment directly in the Fund's Class R6 shares of \$1,000,000 or more and who have completed an application and been approved by the Fund for such investment. These institutional investors and high net worth individuals must retain Class R6 shares directly in their names and will not be permitted to hold such shares through an omnibus account or other similar arrangements.
- Class R6 shares may not be available through certain financial intermediaries.

When you purchase shares of a Fund, you must choose a share class.

Information regarding the Funds' sales charges, as well as information regarding reduced sales charges and waived sales charges, and the terms and conditions for the purchase, pricing, and redemption of Fund shares is

not available on the Funds' website since the Funds' website contains limited information. Further information is available free of charge by calling the Funds at 1-833-764-2266.

Exchange Privilege. You may use proceeds from the redemption of shares of any series of the Trust (a "Cantor Fund") to purchase the same class of shares of another Cantor Fund with the same account registration, provided that shares of the Cantor Fund to be acquired are offered for sale in your state of residence. There is no charge for this exchange privilege and new account minimums will apply. Before making an exchange, you should read the prospectus of the Cantor Fund into which the shares are to be exchanged. The class of shares of the Fund to be acquired will be purchased at the NAV next determined after receipt by the administrator of the written exchange request in proper form. The exchange of shares of one Cantor Fund for shares of another Cantor Fund is treated, for federal income tax purposes, as a sale on which you may realize a taxable gain or loss. To prevent the abuse of the exchange privilege to the disadvantage of other shareholders, each Cantor Fund reserves the right to terminate or modify the exchange privilege upon 60 days' notice to shareholders.

#### **CLASS A SHARES**

Sales Charges. The table below details your sales charges on purchases of Class A shares. The offering price for Class A shares includes the front-end sales charge. The offering price is determined by dividing the NAV per share by an amount equal to 1 minus the sales charge (expressed in decimals) applicable to the purchase, calculated to two decimal places using standard rounding criteria. The sales charge as a percentage of the net amount invested is the maximum percentage of the amount invested rounded to the nearest hundredth. The actual sales charge that you pay as a percentage of the offering price and as a percentage of the net amount invested will vary depending on the then-current NAV, the percentage rate of the sales charge, and rounding. The number of Fund shares you will be issued will equal the amount invested divided by the applicable offering price for those shares, calculated to three decimal places using standard rounding criteria. Sales charges do not apply to shares purchased through dividend reinvestment.

The sales charges described below, which may be waived in the Advisor's discretion, apply to your purchases of Class A shares of the High Income Fund.

Amount of purchase	Sales charge as a % of offering price	Sales charge as a % of net amount invested
Less than \$25,000	4.00%	4.17%
\$25,000 but less than \$50,000	3.75%	3.90%
\$50,000 but less than \$100,000	3.50%	3.63%
\$100,000 but less than \$250,000	3.25%	3.36%
\$250,000 but less than \$500,000	3.00%	3.09%
\$500,000 or more	none*	none*

<sup>\*</sup> There is no front-end sales charge when you purchase \$500,000 or more of Class A shares. However, if the Distributor paid your financial intermediary a commission on your purchase of \$500,000 or more of Class A shares, you will have to pay a Limited CDSC of 1.00% if you redeem these shares within the 18 months after your purchase, unless a specific waiver of the Limited CDSC applies. The Limited CDSC will be paid to the Distributor and will be assessed on an amount equal to the lesser of: (1) the NAV at the time the Class A shares being redeemed were purchased; or (2) the NAV of such Class A shares at the time of redemption. For purposes of this formula, the "NAV at the time of purchase" will be the NAV at purchase of the Class A shares. In determining whether a Limited CDSC is payable, it will be assumed that shares not subject to the Limited CDSC are the first redeemed followed by other shares held for the longest period of time.

The sales charges described below, which may be waived in the Advisor's discretion, apply to your purchases of Class A shares of the Equity Opportunity Fund.

Amount of purchase	Sales charge as a % of offering price	as a % of net amount invested
Less than \$50,000	5.75%	6.54%
\$50,000 but less than \$100,000	4.75%	5.41%
\$100,000 but less than \$250,000	3.75%	4.31%
\$250,000 but less than \$500,000	2.50%	3.00%
\$500,000 but less than \$1 million	2.00%	2.44%
\$1 million or more	none*	none*

<sup>\*</sup> There is no front-end sales charge when you purchase \$1 million or more of Class A shares. However, if the Distributor paid your financial intermediary a commission on your purchase of \$1 million or more of Class A shares, you will have to pay a Limited CDSC of 1.00% if you redeem these shares within the 18 months after your purchase, unless a specific waiver of the Limited CDSC applies. The Limited CDSC will be paid to the Distributor and will be assessed on an amount equal to the lesser of: (1) the NAV at the time the Class A shares being redeemed were purchased; or (2) the NAV of such Class A shares at the time of redemption. For purposes of this formula, the "NAV at the time of purchase" will be the NAV at purchase of the Class A shares. In determining whether a Limited CDSC is payable, it will be assumed that shares not subject to the Limited CDSC are the first redeemed followed by other shares held for the longest period of time.

#### **Dealer compensation**

The financial intermediary who sells you shares of a Fund may be eligible to receive the following amounts as compensation for your investment in a Fund. These amounts are paid by the Distributor to the securities dealer with whom your financial advisor is associated. Institutional Class and Class R6 shares do not have a 12b-1 fee or sales charge so they are not included in the table below.

## **High Income Fund**

Commission (%)	Class A1
Investment less than \$25,000	3.00%
\$25,000 but less than \$50,000	3.00%
\$50,000 but less than \$100,000	2.75%
\$100,000 but less than \$250,000	2.75%
\$250,000 but less than \$500,000	2.50%
\$500,000 but less than \$2.5 million	1.00%
\$2.5 million but less than \$5 million	0.50%
\$5 million or more	0.25%
12b-1 fee to dealer	0.20%

On sales of Class A shares, the Distributor reallows to your securities dealer a portion of the front-end sales charge depending upon the amount you invested. Your securities dealer may be eligible to receive a 12b-1 fee of up to 0.20% for the High Income Fund from the date of purchase. On sales of Class A shares where there is no front-end sales charge, the Distributor may pay your securities dealer an upfront commission of up to 1.00%. The upfront commission includes an advance of the first year's 12b-1 fee of up to 0.20% for the High Income Fund. During the first 12 months, the Distributor will retain the 12b-1 fee to partially offset the upfront commission advanced at the time of purchase. Starting in the 13th month, your securities dealer may be eligible to receive the full 12b-1 fee applicable to Class A shares.

## **Equity Opportunity Fund**

Commission (%)	Class A1
Investment less than \$50,000	5.00%
\$50,000 but less than \$100,000	4.00%
\$100,000 but less than \$250,000	3.00%
\$250,000 but less than \$500,000	2.00%
\$500,000 but less than \$1 million	1.60%
\$1 million but less than \$5 million	1.00%
\$5 million but less than \$25 million	0.50%
\$25 million or more	0.25%
12b-1 fee to dealer	0.25%

On sales of Class A shares, the Distributor reallows to your securities dealer a portion of the front-end sales charge depending upon the amount you invested. Your securities dealer may be eligible to receive a 12b-1 fee of up to 0.25% for the Equity Opportunity Fund from the date of purchase. On sales of Class A shares where there is no front-end sales charge, the Distributor may pay your securities dealer an upfront commission of up to 1.00%. The upfront commission includes an advance of the first year's 12b-1 fee of up to 0.25% for the Equity Opportunity Fund. During the first 12 months, the Distributor will retain the 12b-1 fee to partially offset the upfront commission advanced at the time of purchase. Starting in the 13th month, your securities dealer may be eligible to receive the full 12b-1 fee applicable to Class A shares.

#### HOW TO REDUCE YOUR SALES CHARGE

We offer a number of ways to reduce or eliminate the front-end sales charge on Class A shares, which may depend on the ability of your financial intermediary or the Funds' transfer agent to support the various ways. Please refer to the "Broker-defined sales charge waiver policies" in this Prospectus for detailed information and eligibility requirements. You or your financial intermediary must notify us at the time you purchase shares if you are eligible for any of these programs. You may also need to provide information to your financial intermediary or the Funds in order to qualify for a reduction in sales charges. Such information may include your Fund holdings in any other accounts, including retirement accounts, held indirectly or through an intermediary, and the names of qualifying family members and their holdings. If you participate in a direct deposit purchase plan or an automatic investment program for an account held directly with the Fund's transfer agent and also hold shares of the Fund other than directly with us, generally those holdings will not be aggregated with the assets held with us for purposes of determining rights of accumulation in connection with direct deposit purchase plans and automatic investment program purchases. We reserve the right to determine whether any purchase is entitled, by virtue of the foregoing, to the reduced sales charge. Institutional Class and Class R6 shares (if applicable) have no upfront sales charge or CDSC so they are not included in the table below.

## Letter of intent and rights of accumulation

Through a letter of intent, you agree to invest a certain amount in a Fund over a 13-month period to qualify for reduced front-end sales charges.

Upon your request, you can combine your holdings or purchases of Class A shares of a Fund with the holdings and purchases of your spouse — or equivalent, if recognized under local law — and children under the age of 21 to qualify for reduced front-end sales charges. When submitting the letter of intent or requesting rights of accumulation, you must identify which holdings or purchases you are requesting to be combined.

#### Reinvestment of redeemed shares

Up to 12 months after you redeem Class A shares, you can reinvest the proceeds without paying a sales charge.

# SIMPLE IRA, SEP, SARSEP, 401(k), SIMPLE 401(k), Profit Sharing, Money Purchase, 403(b)(7), and 457 Retirement Plans

These investment plans may qualify for reduced sales charges by combining the purchases of all members of the group. Members of these groups may also qualify to purchase shares without a front-end sales charge and may qualify for a waiver of any CDSCs on Class A shares.

## Buying Class A shares at net asset value

Class A shares of a Fund may be purchased with a reduced sales load under the following circumstances, provided that you notify the Fund in advance that the trade qualifies for this privilege. The Funds reserve the right to modify or terminate these arrangements at any time.

- Shares purchased under the Fund's dividend reinvestment plan and the 12-month reinvestment privilege.
- Shareholders of another Cantor Fund exchanging Class A shares of such Cantor Fund for Class A shares of the Fund.
- Purchases by bank employees who provide services in connection with agreements between the bank and unaffiliated brokers or dealers concerning sales of shares of the Fund.
- Purchases by certain officers, trustees, and key employees of institutional clients of the Advisor or any
  of its affiliates.
- Purchases by programs sponsored by, controlled by, and/or clearing transactions submitted through a
  financial intermediary where: (i) such programs allow or require the purchase of Class A shares; (ii) a
  financial intermediary has entered into an agreement with the Distributor and/or the transfer agent
  allowing certain purchases of Class A shares; and (iii) a financial intermediary (1) charges clients an
  ongoing fee for advisory, investment consulting, or similar services, or (2) offers the Class A shares
  through a no-commission network or platform. Investors may be charged a fee by their financial
  intermediary when effecting transactions in Class A shares through a financial intermediary that offers
  these programs.
- Purchases for the benefit of the clients of brokers, dealers, and other financial intermediaries if such
  brokers, dealers, or other financial intermediaries have entered into an agreement with the Distributor
  providing for the purchase of Class A shares at NAV through self-directed brokerage service platforms
  or programs. Investors may be charged a fee by their financial intermediary when effecting transactions
  in Class A shares at NAV through a self-directed investment brokerage service platform or program.
- Purchases by financial institutions investing for the accounts of their trust customers if they are not eligible to purchase shares of the Institutional Class, if applicable.
- Purchases by retirement plans or certain other programs that are maintained or sponsored by financial intermediary firms, provided the financial intermediary firms or their trust companies (or entities performing similar trading/clearing functions) have entered into an agreement with the Distributor (or its affiliates) related to such plans or programs.
- Investments made by plan level and/or participant retirement accounts that are for the purpose of repaying a loan taken from such accounts.
- Purchases by certain participants in defined contribution plans and members of their households whose
  plan assets will be rolled over into IRA accounts (IRA Program) where the financial intermediary has
  entered into an agreement specifically relating to such IRA Program with the Distributor and/or the
  transfer agent.

#### PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION PRICE

**Determining a Funds Net Asset Value.** The price at which you purchase or redeem shares is based on the next calculation of NAV after an order is received, subject to the order being accepted by a Fund or its designated agent in good form. An order is considered to be in good form if it includes all necessary information and documentation related to a purchase or redemption request and, if applicable, payment in full of the purchase amount. A Fund's NAV per share of a Fund is calculated by dividing the value of a Fund's total assets less liabilities (including Fund expenses, which are accrued daily) by the total number of outstanding shares. To the extent that a Fund holds portfolio securities that are primarily listed on foreign exchanges that trade on weekends or other days when a Fund does not price shares, the NAV of a Fund's shares may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or redeem shares. The NAV per share of a Fund is determined at the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") on the days the NYSE is open for trading. This is normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time. A Fund's shares will not be priced on the days on which the NYSE is closed for trading. In addition, a Fund's shares will not be priced on the holidays listed in the SAI. See the section titled "Net Asset Value" in the SAI for more detail.

The pricing and valuation of portfolio securities is determined in good faith in accordance with a Fund's policies and procedures established by the Board. In determining the value of a Fund's total assets, portfolio securities are generally calculated at market value by quotations from the primary market in which they are traded. Instruments with maturities of 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value. Instruments with maturities in excess of 60 days are valued at prices provided by a third-party pricing source. A Fund normally uses third-party pricing services to obtain market quotations.

Securities will be valued at fair value when market quotations (or other market valuations such as those obtained from a pricing service) are not readily available or are deemed unreliable. Fair value determinations are made in accordance with the policies and procedures approved by the Board. Market quotations may not be readily available or may be determined to be unreliable when a security's value or a meaningful portion of a Fund's portfolio is believed to have been materially affected by a significant event. A significant event is an event that is likely to materially affect the value of a Fund's investment. Such events may include a natural disaster, an economic event like a bankruptcy filing, a trading halt in a security, an unscheduled early market close or a substantial fluctuation in domestic and foreign markets that has occurred between the close of the principal exchange and the Exchange. In such a case, the value for a security is likely to be different from the last quoted market price. In addition, due to the subjective and variable nature of fair market value pricing, it is possible that the value determined for a particular asset may be materially different from the value realized upon such asset's sale.

**Other Matters.** Purchases and redemptions of shares of the same class by the same shareholder on the same day will be netted for a Fund.

#### BUYING OR SELLING SHARES THROUGH A FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY

Certain financial intermediaries have agreements with the Funds that allow them to enter purchase or redemption orders on behalf of clients and customers. These orders will be priced at the NAV next computed after the orders are received by the financial intermediary, subject to the order being in good form. Orders received in good form by the financial intermediary prior to the NYSE market close (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) will receive a share price based on that day's NAV and orders received after the NYSE closes will receive a price based on the NAV determined at the close of regular trading on the next day that the NYSE is open. You should look to the financial intermediary through whom you wish to invest for specific instructions on how to purchase or redeem shares of the Fund.

#### PURCHASING SHARES

You may purchase shares of a Fund on any day on which the NYSE is open for trading. Purchases can be made from a Fund by mail, facsimile, telephone, or bank wire. Each Fund has also authorized one or more brokers to

receive purchase and redemption orders on its behalf and such brokers are authorized to designate other financial intermediaries to receive orders on behalf of a Fund. Such orders will be deemed to have been received by a Fund when an authorized designee, or broker-authorized designee, receives the order, subject to the order being in good form. The orders will be priced at the NAV next computed after the orders are received by the Fund, authorized broker, or broker-authorized designee. Orders received in good form prior to the close of the NYSE (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) will receive a share price based on that day's NAV and orders received after the close of the NYSE will receive a price based on the NAV determined at the close of regular trading on the next day that the NYSE is open. Investors may also be charged a fee by a broker or agent if shares are purchased through a broker or agent.

Each of the Funds reserves the right to (i) refuse to accept any request to purchase shares for any reason and (ii) suspend the offering of shares at any time.

Regular Mail Orders. Payment for shares by mail must be made by check from a U.S. financial institution and payable in U.S. dollars. Cash, third-party checks (except for properly endorsed IRA rollover checks), money orders, counter checks, starter checks, credit card checks, traveler's checks, and checks drawn on non-U.S. financial institutions will not be accepted by the Funds. Cashier's checks, bank official checks, and bank money orders are reviewed on a case-by-case basis and may be accepted under certain circumstances. If checks are returned due to insufficient funds or other reasons, your purchase will be canceled. You will also be responsible for any losses or expenses incurred by a Fund and its administrator and transfer agent. Each Fund will charge a \$35 fee and may redeem shares of a Fund owned by the purchaser or another identically registered account in another series of the Trust to recover any such losses. For regular mail orders, please complete a Fund Shares Application and mail it, along with a check made payable to the applicable Fund, to:

Regular Mail Address Cantor Funds c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC P.O. Box 46707 Cincinnati, Ohio 45246 Overnight Mail Address Cantor Funds c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450 Cincinnati, Ohio 45246

The application must contain your social security number or taxpayer identification number. If you have applied for a number prior to completing your account application but you have not received your number, please indicate this on the application and include a copy of the form applying for your number. Taxes are not withheld from distributions to U.S. investors if certain requirements of the Internal Revenue Service are met regarding the Social Security Number and Taxpayer Identification Number.

**Bank Wire Purchases.** Purchases may also be made through bank wire orders. To establish a new account or add to an existing account by wire, please call the Fund 1-833-764-2266 for wire instructions and to advise the Fund of the investment, dollar amount, and the account identification number. You may not use Automated Clearing House ("ACH") transactions for your initial purchase of Fund's shares.

**Additional Investments.** You may also add to your account by mail or wire at any time by purchasing shares at the then current NAV. Before adding funds by bank wire, please call the Fund at 1-833-764-2266 for wire instructions and to advise the Fund of the investment, dollar amount, and the account identification number. Mail orders should include, if possible, the "Invest by Mail" stub that is attached to your confirmation statement. Otherwise, please identify your account in a letter accompanying your purchase payment.

**ACH Purchase.** Current shareholders may purchase additional shares via ACH. To have this option added to your account, please send a letter to the Fund requesting this option and supply a voided check for the bank account. Only bank accounts held at domestic institutions that are ACH members may be used for these transactions.

You may not use ACH transactions for your initial purchase of Fund shares. ACH purchases will be effective at the closing price per share on the business day after the order is placed. The Fund may alter, modify or terminate this purchase option at any time.

**Automatic Investment Plan.** The automatic investment plan enables shareholders to make regular monthly or quarterly investments in shares through automatic charges to their checking account. With shareholder authorization and bank approval, the Fund will automatically charge the shareholder's checking account for the amount specified (\$25 minimum), which will be automatically invested in shares at the public offering price on a periodic basis. The shareholder may change the amount of the investment or discontinue the plan at any time by writing the Fund.

**Share Certificates.** A Fund does not issue share certificates. Evidence of ownership of shares is provided through entry in the Fund's share registry. Investors will receive periodic account statements (and, where applicable, purchase confirmations) that will show the number of shares owned.

Important Information about Procedures for Opening a New Account. Under the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001 (USA PATRIOT Act of 2001), the Fund is required to obtain, verify, and record information that enables the Fund to form a reasonable belief as to the identity of each customer who opens an account. Consequently, when an investor opens an account, the Fund will ask for the investor's name, street address, date of birth (for an individual), social security or other tax identification number (or proof that the investor has filed for such a number), and other information that will allow the Fund to identify the investor. The Fund may also ask to see the driver's license or other identifying documents of the investor. An investor's account application will not be considered "complete" and, therefore, an account will not be opened and the investor's money will not be invested until the Fund receives this required information. In addition, if after opening the investor's account the Fund is unable to verify the investor's identity after reasonable efforts, as determined by the Fund in its sole discretion, the Fund may (i) restrict further investments until the investor's identity is verified; and (ii) close the investor's account without notice and return the investor's redemption proceeds to the investor. If the Fund closes an investor's account because the Fund could not verify the investor's identity, the Fund will value the account in accordance with the next NAV calculated after the investor's account is closed. In that case, the investor's redemption proceeds may be worth more or less than the investor's original investment. The Fund will not be responsible for any losses incurred due to the Fund's inability to verify the identity of any investor opening an account.

**Unclaimed Property.** An account may be turned over as unclaimed property to the investor's last known state of tax residence if the account is deemed "inactive" or "lost" during the time frame specified within the applicable state's unclaimed property laws. Investors who are residents of the state of Texas may designate a representative to receive legislatively. required unclaimed property due diligence notifications. A Texas Designation of Representative Form is available for making such an election.

#### REDEEMING SHARES

You can redeem shares of the Funds on any day on which the NYSE is open for trading. The Funds typically expects that it will take up to seven days following the receipt of your redemption request to pay out redemption proceeds; however, the Funds typically expect that the payment of redemption proceeds will be initiated the next business day following the receipt of your redemption request regardless of the method of payment. The Funds may delay forwarding a redemption check for recently purchased shares for up to 7 days while the Fund determines whether the purchase payment will be honored. Such delay may be reduced or avoided if the purchase is made by certified check or wire transfer. In all cases, the NAV next determined after receipt of the request for redemption will be used in processing the redemption request. The Funds expect to pay redemptions from cash, cash equivalents, proceeds from the sale of additional Funds shares, and then from the sale of portfolio securities or in kind. These redemption payment methods will be used in regular and stressed market conditions. During

drastic economic and market changes, telephone redemption privileges may be difficult to implement. The Funds may also suspend redemptions, if permitted by the 1940 Act: (i) for any period during which the NYSE is closed or trading on the NYSE is restricted; (ii) for any period during which an emergency exists as a result of which the Funds' disposal of its portfolio securities is not reasonably practicable, or it is not reasonably practicable for the Funds to fairly determine the value of its net assets; or (iii) for such other periods as the Securities and Exchange Commission may by order permit for the protection of the Funds' shareholders.

#### **Regular Mail Redemptions.** Regular mail redemption requests should be addressed to:

Regular Mail Address
Cantor Funds
C/O Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
P.O. Box 46707
Cincinnati, Ohio 45246

Overnight Mail Address
Cantor Funds
C/O Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
P.O. Box 46707
Cincinnati, Ohio 45246

Cincinnati, Ohio 45246

Regular mail redemption requests should include the following:

- (1) Your letter of instruction or a stock assignment specifying the name of the applicable Fund, the account number, and the number of shares or dollar amount to be redeemed. This request must be signed by all registered shareholders in the exact names in which they are registered
- (2) Any required signature guarantees (see "Signature Guarantees" below); and
- (3) Other supporting legal documents, if required in the case of estates, trusts, guardianships, custodianships, corporations, partnerships, pension or profit sharing plans, and other entities.

**Telephone and Bank Wire Redemptions.** The telephone redemption privilege is automatically available to all new accounts. If you do not want the telephone redemption privilege, you must indicate this in the appropriate area on your account application or you must write to the Funds and instruct it to remove this privilege from your account. If you own an IRA, you will be asked whether or not the Fund(s) should withhold federal income tax.. You may also redeem shares by bank wire under certain limited conditions. A Fund will redeem shares in this manner when so requested by the shareholder only if the shareholder confirms redemption instructions in writing.

The confirmation instructions must include the following:

- (1) Name of Fund and share class;
- (2) Shareholder name and account number:
- (3) Number of shares or dollar amount to be redeemed;
- (4) Instructions for transmittal of redemption proceeds to the shareholder; and
- (5) Shareholder signature as it appears on the application on file with the Fund.

You can choose to have redemption proceeds mailed to you at your address of record, transferred to your financial institution as designated on your application, or to any other authorized person, or you can have the proceeds sent by wire transfer to your bank or brokerage firm in the United States (\$1,000 minimum) or ACH (\$25 minimum). Redemption proceeds cannot be wired on days in which your financial institution is not open for business. You can change your redemption instructions anytime you wish by filing a letter with your new redemption instructions with the Fund. See "Signature Guarantees" below.

Each of the Funds, in its discretion, may choose to pass through to redeeming shareholders any charges imposed by the Funds' Transfer Agent for each wire redemption. If this cost is passed through to redeeming shareholders by a Fund, the charge will be deducted automatically from your account by redemption of shares in your account. Your bank or brokerage firm may also impose a charge for processing the incoming wire. The Funds' transfer agent imposes a \$15 fee for each wire redemption and the fee is subject to change. If wire transfer of funds is impossible or impractical, the redemption proceeds will be sent by regular mail to the designated account.

You may redeem shares, subject to the procedures outlined above, by calling the Funds at 1-833-764-2266. Redemption proceeds will only be sent to the financial institution account or person named in your Fund Shares Application currently on file with a Fund. The redemption proceeds normally will be sent by mail or by wire within three business days after receipt of your telephone instructions. Telephone redemption privileges authorize a Fund to act on telephone instructions from any person representing him or herself to be the investor and reasonably believed by a Fund to be genuine. Each of the Funds will employ reasonable procedures, such as requiring a form of personal identification, to confirm that instructions are genuine. A Fund will not be liable for any losses due to fraudulent or unauthorized instructions. A Fund will also not be liable for following telephone instructions reasonably believed to be genuine. During periods of high market activity, you may encounter higher than usual wait times. Please allow sufficient time to ensure that you will be able to complete your telephone transaction prior to market close. Neither the Fund nor its Transfer Agent will be held liable if you are unable to place your trade due to high call volume.

The Funds reserve the right to suspend the telephone redemption privileges with respect to your account if the name(s) or the address on the account has been changed within the previous 30 days. Neither the Funds, the Transfer Agent, nor their respective affiliates will be liable for complying with telephone instructions they reasonably believe to be genuine or for any such loss.

**Retirement Plan Redemptions.** If you own an IRA or other retirement plan, you must indicate on your redemption request whether the Fund should withhold federal income tax. Unless you elect in your redemption request that you do not want to have federal tax withheld, the redemption will be subject to withholding.

**Systematic Withdrawal Plan.** A shareholder who owns Fund shares of a particular class valued at \$5,000 or more at the NAV may establish a systematic withdrawal plan ("Systematic Withdrawal Plan") to receive on a periodic basis a check in a stated amount (not less than \$25). Each month or quarter, as specified, a Fund will automatically redeem sufficient shares from your account to meet the specified withdrawal amount. The shareholder may establish this service whether dividends and distributions are reinvested in shares of Fund or paid in cash. Call or write a Fund for an application form.

Minimum Account Size. For Class A shares, the Trustees reserve the right to redeem involuntarily any account having a value of less than \$1,000 (\$250 for IRAs, Roth IRAs, Uniform Gifts to Minors Act and Uniform Transfers to Minors Act accounts, or accounts with automatic investment plans, and \$500 for Coverdell Education Savings Accounts) for three or more consecutive months, due to redemptions, or transfers, and not due to market action, upon 30-days' prior written notice to the shareholder. For Institutional Class and Class R6 shares of a Fund, if the shareholder redeems shares and the shareholder's account balance falls below \$500, the shareholder's shares may be redeemed after 30 days' prior written notice to the shareholder. If the shareholder brings his account NAV up to at least \$1,000 or \$500, as applicable, during the notice period, the account will not be redeemed. Redemptions from retirement accounts may be subject to federal income tax. Shareholders may also be charged a fee by their broker or agent if shares are redeemed or transferred through their broker or agent.

Redemptions in Kind. Each of the Funds does not intend, under normal circumstances, to redeem its shares by payment in kind. It is possible, however, that conditions may arise in the future that would, in the opinion of the Board, make it undesirable for the Funds to pay for all redemptions in cash. In such cases, the Board may authorize payment to be made in readily marketable portfolio securities of a Fund. The securities will be chosen by each of the Funds, may be either a pro rata payment of each of the securities held by a Fund or a representative sample of securities, and will be valued at the same value assigned to them in computing a Fund's NAV per share. Shareholders receiving them bear the market risks associated with the securities until they have been converted into cash, as well as taxable capital gains when the securities are converted to cash and may incur brokerage costs when these securities are sold. An irrevocable election has been filed under Rule 18f-1 of the 1940 Act, wherein a Fund must pay redemptions in cash, rather than in kind, to any shareholder of record of a Fund who redeems during any 90-day period, the lesser of (i) \$250,000 or (ii) 1% of a Fund's NAV at the beginning of such period. Redemption requests in excess of this limit may be satisfied in cash or in kind at a Fund's election.

Signature Guarantees. To protect your account and a Fund from fraud, signature guarantees may be required to be sure that you are the person who has authorized a change in registration or standing instructions for your account. Signature guarantees are generally required for (i) change of registration requests; (ii) requests to establish or to change telephone and bank wire redemption service other than through your initial account application; (iii) transactions where proceeds from redemptions, dividends, or distributions are sent to a financial institution; and (iv) redemption requests in excess of \$50,000. The Funds may require that signatures be guaranteed if you request the redemption check be made payable to any person other than the shareholder(s) of record, mailed to an address other than the address of record, if the mailing address has been changed within thirty (30) days of the redemption request, any redemption transmitted to a bank other than the bank of record, or in certain other circumstances, such as to prevent unauthorized account transfers or redemptions. Signature guarantees are acceptable from a member bank of the Federal Reserve System, a savings and loan institution, credit union (if authorized under state law), registered broker-dealer, securities exchange, or association clearing agency, but not from a notary public, and must appear on the written request for change of registration or redemption request. All documentation requiring a signature guarantee must utilize a New Technology Medallion Stamp.

#### FREQUENT PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS

Frequent purchases and redemptions ("Frequent Trading") of shares of a Fund may present a number of risks to other shareholders of a Fund. These risks may include, among other things, dilution in the value of shares of a Fund held by long-term shareholders, interference with the efficient management by the Advisor of a Fund's portfolio holdings, and increased brokerage and administration costs. Due to the potential of a thin market for a Fund; portfolio securities, as well as overall adverse market, economic, political, or other conditions that may affect the sale price of portfolio securities, a Fund could face untimely losses as a result of having to sell portfolio securities prematurely to meet redemptions. Frequent Trading may also increase portfolio turnover which may result in increased capital gains taxes for shareholders of a Fund.

The Trustees have adopted a policy with respect to Frequent Trading that is intended to discourage such activity by shareholders of a Fund. Each of the Funds does not accommodate Frequent Trading. Under the adopted policy, the Funds' transfer agent provides a daily record of shareholder trades to the Advisor. The Funds' transfer agent also monitors and tests shareholder purchase and redemption orders for possible incidents of Frequent Trading. The Advisor has the discretion to limit investments from an investor that the Advisor believes has a pattern of Frequent Trading that the Advisor considers not to be in the best interests of the other shareholders in the respective Fund by the Funds' refusal of further purchase orders from such investor. A Fund's policy regarding Frequent Trading is to limit investments from investor accounts that purchase and redeem shares over a period of less than 10 days having a redemption amount within 10% of the purchase amount and greater than \$10,000 on two or more occasions during a 60-calendar day period, if these amounts exceed 1% of a Fund's net asset value. In the event such a purchase and redemption pattern occurs, an investor account and any other account with the same taxpayer identification number will be precluded from investing in the respective Fund for at least 30 calendar days after the redemption transaction.

The Advisor may waive this policy when it determines that shareholder action is not detrimental to a Fund or reflects a genuine financial need of the shareholder. Otherwise, the Advisor intends to apply this policy uniformly, except that a Fund may not be able to identify or determine that a specific purchase and/or redemption is part of a pattern of Frequent Trading or that a specific investor is engaged in Frequent Trading, particularly with respect to transactions made through accounts such as omnibus accounts or accounts opened through third-party financial intermediaries such as broker-dealers and banks ("Intermediary Accounts"). Therefore, this policy is not applied to omnibus accounts or Intermediary Accounts. Omnibus account arrangements permit multiple investors to aggregate their respective share ownership positions and to purchase and redeem Fund shares without the identity of the particular shareholders being immediately known to the Funds. Like omnibus accounts, Intermediary Accounts normally permit investors to purchase and redeem Funds shares without the identity of the underlying shareholder being immediately known to the Funds. Accordingly, the ability of a Fund

to monitor and detect Frequent Trading through omnibus accounts and Intermediary Accounts is limited, and there is no guarantee that a Fund can identify shareholders who might be engaging in Frequent Trading through such accounts or curtail such trading. In addition, the policy will not apply if the Advisor determines that a purchase and redemption pattern does not constitute Frequent Trading activity, such as inadvertent errors that result in frequent purchases and redemptions. Inadvertent errors shall include purchases and/or redemptions made unintentionally or by mistake (e.g., where an investor unintentionally or mistakenly invests in a Fund and redeems immediately after recognizing the error). The investor shall have the burden of proving to the sole satisfaction of the Advisor that a frequent purchase and redemption pattern was a result of an inadvertent error. In such a case, the Advisor may choose to allow further purchase orders from such investor account.

#### SHAREHOLDER STATEMENTS AND REPORTS

To keep you informed about your investments, each Fund will send you various account statements and reports, including:

- Confirmation statements that verify your buy or sell transactions (except in the case of automatic purchases or redemptions from bank accounts. Please review your confirmation statements for accuracy.
- Quarter-end and year-end shareholder account statements.
- Reports for the Fund, which includes portfolio manager commentary, performance,
- Shareholder tax forms.

With eDelivery, you can receive your tax forms, account statements, Fund reports, and prospectuses online rather than by regular mail. Taking advantage of this free service not only decreases the clutter in your mailbox, it also reduces your Fund fees by lowering printing and postage costs. To receive materials electronically, contact your financial intermediary (such as a broker-dealer or bank), or, if you are a direct investor, please contact us at 1-833-764-2266 or visit https://highincomefund.cantorassetmanagement.com or https://equityopportunityfund.cantorassetmanagement.com to sign up for eDelivery.

## OTHER IMPORTANT INVESTMENT INFORMATION

#### DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS, AND TAXES

The following information is meant as a general summary for U.S. taxpayers. Additional tax information appears in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information. Shareholders should rely on their own tax advisors for advice about the particular federal, state, and local tax consequences to them of investing in the Fund.

The Fund intends to meet all requirements under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, necessary to qualify and be eligible for treatment each year as a "regulated investment company" and thus does not expect to pay any U.S. federal income tax on income and capital gains that are timely distributed to shareholders.

Distributions from the Fund's net investments income (other than qualified dividend income), including distributions out of the Fund's net short-term capital gains, if any, are taxable as ordinary income. Distributions by the Fund of net long-term capital gains, if any, in excess of net short-term capital losses (capital gain dividends) are taxable as long-term capital gains, regardless of how long Fund shares have been held. Distributions by the Fund that qualify as qualified dividend income are taxable at long-term capital gain rates. In addition, a 3.8% U.S. Medicare contribution tax is imposed on "net investment income," including, but not limited to, interests, dividends, and net gain, of U.S. individuals with income exceeding \$200,000 (or \$250,000 if married and filing jointly) and of estates and trusts.

Dividends will be qualified dividend income if they are attributable to qualified dividend income received by the Fund. Generally, qualified dividend income includes dividend income from taxable U.S. corporations and qualified non-U.S. corporations, provided that the Fund satisfies certain holding period requirements in respect of the stock of such corporations.

Dividends received by the Fund from a REIT or another regulated investment company ("RIC") generally are qualified dividend income only to the extent such dividend distributions are made out of qualified dividend income received by such REIT or RIC.

The Fund will distribute most of its income and realized gains to shareholders every year. Income dividends paid by the Fund derived from net investment income, if any, will generally be paid annually and capital gains distributions, if any, will be made annually. Shareholders may elect to take dividends from net investment income or capital gains distributions, if any, in cash or reinvest them in additional Fund shares. Shareholders will generally be taxed on distributions paid by the Fund, regardless of whether distributions are received in cash or are reinvested in additional Fund shares. Distributions may be subject to state and local taxes, as well as federal taxes.

As with all mutual funds, the Fund will be required in certain cases to withhold and remit to the U.S. Treasury a percentage of taxable dividends of gross proceeds realized upon sale paid to shareholders who (i) have failed to provide a correct taxpayer identification number in the manner required; (ii) are subject to back-up withholding by the Internal Revenue Service for failure to include properly on their return payments of taxable interest or dividends; or (iii) have failed to certify to the Fund that they are not subject to back-up withholding when required to do so. Back-up withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld from payments to you may be refunded or credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability, if any, provided that the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service. The Fund is required in certain circumstances to apply back-up withholding on taxable dividends, redemption proceeds, and certain other payments that are paid to any shareholder who does not furnish certain information and certifications or who is otherwise subject to back-up withholding.

The Funds must report to the IRS and to shareholders the cost basis information for shares purchased and sold. The Funds have chosen the average cost method as its default tax lot identification method for all shareholders. Shareholders should consult with their own tax advisors to ensure that distributions and sale of Fund shares are treated appropriately on their income tax returns.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Financial Highlights tables are intended to help you understand the financial performance of each Fund for the past five years. Certain information reflects financial results for a single share of a Fund. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned or lost on an investment in a Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions).

The High Income Fund is a continuation of its Predecessor Fund and, therefore, the financial information includes results of the Predecessor Fund. The Equity Opportunity Fund is a continuation of its Predecessor Funds and, therefore, the financial information includes results of the Predecessor Funds.

The information for the Funds for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 were audited by Cohen & Company, Ltd. ("Cohen & Co"), an independent registered public accounting firm. The information for the Funds for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were audited by another independent registered public accounting firm. Cohen & Co's report, along with the Funds' financial statements, are incorporated by reference into the Statement of Additional Information and are included in the annual financial statements, which are available, free of charge, upon request from the Funds.

## CANTOR FITZGERALD HIGH INCOME FUND

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

## Selected Per Share Data for a Share Outstanding Throughout each Year Presented:

	Class A				
	Year Ended December 31, 2024 <sup>(a)</sup>	Year Ended December 31, 2023	Year Ended December 31, 2022	Year Ended December 31, 2021	Year Ended December 31, 2020
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 8.13	\$ 7.81	\$ 8.61	\$ 8.69	\$ 8.39
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment income <sup>(b)</sup> Net realized and unrealized gains	0.41	0.34	0.30	0.30	0.30
(losses) on investments	0.05	0.34	(0.77)	0.00	0.33
Total from investment operations	0.46	0.68	(0.47)	0.30	0.63
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.43)	(0.36)	(0.33)	(0.34)	(0.33)
Net realized gains				(0.04)	
Total distributions	(0.43)	(0.36)	(0.33)	(0.38)	(0.33)
Net asset value at end of year	\$ 8.16	\$ 8.13	\$ 7.81	\$ 8.61	\$ 8.69
Total return <sup>(c)</sup>	5.76%	8.94%	(5.49)%	3.57%	7.74%
Net assets at end of year (000's)	\$25,511	\$31,807	\$35,419	\$39,082	\$39,982
Ratio of total expenses to average net					
assets	1.75%	1.42%	1.40%	1.18%	1.21%
Ratio of net expenses to average net					
assets(d)(f)	1.20%	1.20%	1.19%	1.18%	1.21%
Ratio of net investment income to					
average net assets(d)(f)	5.04%	4.35%	3.69%	3.51%	3.60%
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(e)</sup>	33%	34%	9%	118%	347%

<sup>(</sup>a) Effective close of business on November 22, 2024, Class A, Class C and Class I shares of Aquila High Income Fund were reorganized into Class A shares of Cantor Fitzgerald High Income Fund. See notes to the financial statements. The Class A shares' financial highlights for the periods prior to November 22, 2024 reflect the performance of Aquila High Income Fund Class A.

<sup>(</sup>b) Calculated using average shares outstanding.

<sup>(</sup>c) Total return is based on the change in net asset value of a share during the period and assumes reinvestment of dividends and distributions at net asset value and does not reflect the impact of a sales charge.

<sup>(</sup>d) Ratios were determined after advisory fee waivers/reductions by the Advisor.

<sup>(</sup>e) Portfolio turnover is calculated on the basis on the Fund as a whole without distinguishing among the classes of shares.

#### CANTOR FITZGERALD HIGH INCOME FUND

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (continued)

# Selected Per Share Data for a Share Outstanding Throughout each Year Presented:

	Institutional Class				
	Year Ended December 31, 2024(a)	Year Ended December 31, 2023	Year Ended December 31, 2022	Year Ended December 31, 2021	Year Ended December 31, 2020
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 8.14	\$ 7.81	\$ 8.61	\$ 8.69	\$ 8.40
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment income <sup>(b)</sup> Net realized and unrealized gains	0.44	0.36	0.31	0.32	0.32
(losses) on investments	0.04	0.35	(0.77)		0.32
Total from investment operations	0.48	0.71	(0.46)	0.32	0.64
Less distributions from:  Net investment income  Net realized gains	(0.45)	(0.38)	(0.34)	(0.36) (0.04)	(0.35)
Total distributions	(0.45)	(0.38)	(0.34)	(0.40)	(0.35)
Net asset value at end of year	\$ 8.17	\$ 8.14	\$ 7.81	\$ 8.61	\$ 8.69
Total return(c)	5.97%	9.29%	(5.30)%	3.77%	7.82%
Net assets at end of year (000's)	\$34,007	\$61,257	\$63,845	\$120,120	\$136,978
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets	1.55%	1.22%	1.18%	0.98%	1.01%
assets(d)(f)	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	0.98%	1.01%
Ratio of net investment income to					
average net assets(d)(f)	5.37%	4.56%	3.86%	3.71%	
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(e)</sup>	33%	34%	9%	118%	347%

<sup>(</sup>a) Effective close of business on November 22, 2024, Class Y shares of Aquila High Income Fund were reorganized into Institutional Class shares of Cantor Fitzgerald High Income Fund. See notes to the financial statements. The Institutional Class shares' financial highlights for the periods prior to November 22, 2024 reflect the performance of Aquila High Income Fund Class Y.

<sup>(</sup>b) Calculated using average shares outstanding.

<sup>(</sup>c) Total return is based on the change in net asset value of a share during the period and assumes reinvestment of dividends and distributions at net asset value and does not reflect the impact of a sales charge.

<sup>(</sup>d) Ratios were determined after advisory fee waivers/reductions by the Advisor.

<sup>(</sup>e) Portfolio turnover is calculated on the basis on the Fund as a whole without distinguishing among the classes of shares.

Does not include the Fund's share of the expenses of the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

## CANTOR FITZGERALD EQUITY OPPORTUNITY FUND

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### Selected Per Share Data for a Share Outstanding Throughout each Year Presented:

	Class A					
	Year Ended December 31, 2024 <sup>(a)</sup>	Year Ended December 31, 2023	Year Ended December 31, 2022	Year Ended December 31, 2021	Year Ended December 31, 2020	
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 40.70	\$ 36.22	\$ 46.98	\$ 51.86	\$ 50.62	
Income (loss) from investment operations:						
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(b)</sup> Net realized and unrealized gains	(0.27)	0.01	(0.08)	(0.48)	(0.29)	
(losses) on investments	4.30	4.47	(6.97)	10.56	3.94	
Total from investment operations	4.03	4.48	(7.05)	10.08	3.65	
Less distributions from:  Net investment income  Net realized gains	(0.05) (9.82)		(3.71)	— (14.96)	(2.41)	
Total distributions	(9.87)	_	(3.71)	(14.96)	(2.41)	
Net asset value at end of year	\$ 34.86	\$ 40.70	\$ 36.22	\$ 46.98	\$ 51.86	
Total return <sup>(c)</sup>	9.04% \$43,317	12.37% \$60,429	(15.25)% \$65,619	21.53% \$86,364	7.39% \$76,508	
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets <sup>(d)(f)</sup>	2.03%	1.75%	1.67%	1.49%	1.54%	
average net assets <sup>(d)(f)</sup> Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(e)</sup>	(0.65)% 44%	0.02% 107%	(0.19)% 102%	(0.88)% 99%	(0.63)% 69%	

<sup>(</sup>a) Effective close of business on November 22, 2024, Class A, Class C and Class I shares of Aquila Opportunity Growth Fund were reorganized into Class A shares of Cantor Fitzgerald Equity Opportunity Fund. See notes to the financial statements. The Class A shares' financial highlights for the periods prior to November 22, 2024 reflect the performance of Aquila Opportunity Growth Fund Class A.

<sup>(</sup>b) Calculated using average shares outstanding.

<sup>(</sup>c) Total return is based on the change in net asset value of a share during the period and assumes reinvestment of dividends and distributions at net asset value and does not reflect the impact of a sales charge.

<sup>(</sup>d) Ratios were determined after advisory fee waivers/reductions by the Advisor.

<sup>(</sup>e) Portfolio turnover is calculated on the basis on the Fund as a whole without distinguishing among the classes of shares.

Does not include the Fund's share of the expenses of the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

## CANTOR FITZGERALD EQUITY OPPORTUNITY FUND

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (continued)

# Selected Per Share Data for a Share Outstanding Throughout each Year Presented:

	Institutional Class				
	Year Ended December 31, 2024 <sup>(a)</sup>	Year Ended December 31, 2023	Year Ended December 31, 2022	Year Ended December 31, 2021	Year Ended December 31, 2020
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 47.12	\$ 41.82	\$ 53.42	\$ 57.00	\$ 55.24
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(b)</sup> Net realized and unrealized gains	(0.17)	0.14	0.04	(0.37)	(0.17)
(losses) on investments	4.93	5.16	(7.93)	11.75	4.34
Total from investment operations	4.76	5.30	(7.89)	11.38	4.17
Less distributions from:  Net investment income  Net realized gains	(0.11) (9.82)	_	— (3.71)	— (14.96)	<u> </u>
Total distributions	(9.93)		(3.71)	(14.96)	(2.41)
Net asset value at end of year	\$ 41.95	\$ 47.12	\$ 41.82	\$ 53.42	\$ 57.00
Total return <sup>(c)</sup>	9.36% \$35,277	12.67% \$54,301	(14.98)% \$59,173	21.88% \$105,557	7.71% \$126,001
assets <sup>(d)(f)</sup>	1.72%	1.45%	1.36%	1.19%	1.23%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets <sup>(d)(f)</sup>	(0.35)% 44%	0.32% 107%	0.09% 102%	(0.60)% 99%	(0.33)% 69%

<sup>(</sup>a) Effective close of business on November 22, 2024, Class A, Class C and Class I shares of Aquila High Income Fund were reorganized into Class A shares of Cantor Fitzgerald High Income Fund. See notes to the financial statements. The Class A shares' financial highlights for the periods prior to November 22, 2024 reflect the performance of Aquila High Income Fund Class A.

<sup>(</sup>b) Calculated using average shares outstanding.

<sup>(</sup>c) Total return is based on the change in net asset value of a share during the period and assumes reinvestment of dividends and distributions at net asset value and does not reflect the impact of a sales charge.

<sup>(</sup>d) Ratios were determined after advisory fee waivers/reductions by the Advisor.

<sup>(</sup>e) Portfolio turnover is calculated on the basis on the Fund as a whole without distinguishing among the classes of shares.

Does not include the Fund's share of the expenses of the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

#### BROKER-DEFINED SALES CHARGE WAIVER POLICIES

From time to time, shareholders purchasing Fund shares through a brokerage platform or account may be eligible for CDSC sales charge waivers and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this Prospectus or the SAI.

#### **Morgan Stanley Wealth Management:**

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through a Morgan Stanley Wealth Management brokerage account will be eligible only for the following front-end sales charge waivers with respect to Class A shares, which may differ from and may be more limited than those disclosed elsewhere in this Fund's Prospectus or SAI.

### Front-end Sales Charge Waivers on Class A Shares available at Morgan Stanley Wealth Management

- Employer-sponsored retirement plans (e.g., 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans). For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs, SAR-SEPs or Keogh plans
- Morgan Stanley employee and employee-related accounts according to MSSB's account linking rules
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of dividends and capital gains distributions when purchasing shares
  of the same fund
- Shares purchased through a Morgan Stanley self-directed brokerage account
- Class C (i.e., level-load) shares that are no longer subject to a contingent deferred sales charge and are converted to Class A shares of the same fund pursuant to Morgan Stanley Wealth Management's share class conversion program
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (i) the repurchase occurs within 90 days' following the redemption, (ii) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (iii) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales charge.

#### Merrill Lynch:

Purchases or sales of front-end (i.e. Class A) or level-load (i.e., Class C) mutual fund shares through a Merrill platform or account will be eligible only for the following sales load waivers (front-end, contingent deferred, or back-end waivers) and discounts, which differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this Fund's prospectus. Purchasers will have to buy mutual fund shares directly from the mutual fund company or through another intermediary to be eligible for waivers or discounts not listed below.

It is the client's responsibility to notify Merrill at the time of purchase or sale of any relationship or other facts that qualify the transaction for a waiver or discount. A Merrill representative may ask for reasonable documentation of such facts and Merrill may condition the granting of a waiver or discount on the timely receipt of such documentation.

Additional information on waivers and discounts is available in the Merrill Sales Load Waiver and Discounts Supplement (the "Merrill SLWD Supplement") and in the Mutual Fund Investing at Merrill pamphlet at ml.com/funds. Clients are encouraged to review these documents and speak with their financial advisor to determine whether a transaction is eligible for a waiver or discount.

#### Front-end Load Waivers Available at Merrill

 Shares of mutual funds available for purchase by employer-sponsored retirement, deferred compensation, and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans provided the shares are not held in a commission-based brokerage account and shares are held for the benefit of the plan. For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs, SAR-SEPs or Keogh plans

- Shares purchased through a Merrill investment advisory program
- Brokerage class shares exchanged from advisory class shares due to the holdings moving from a Merrill investment advisory program to a Merrill brokerage account
- Shares purchased through the Merrill Edge Self-Directed platform
- Shares purchased through the systematic reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same mutual fund in the same account
- Shares exchanged from level-load shares to front-end load shares of the same mutual fund in accordance with the description in the Merrill SLWD Supplement
- Shares purchased by eligible employees of Merrill or its affiliates and their family members who purchase shares in accounts within the employee's Merrill Household (as defined in the Merrill SLWD Supplement)
- Shares purchased by eligible persons associated with the fund as defined in this prospectus (e.g. the fund's officers or trustees)
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of a mutual fund redemption in front-end load shares provided (1) the repurchase is in a mutual fund within the same fund family; (2) the repurchase occurs within 90 calendar days from the redemption trade date, and (3) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account (known as Rights of Reinstatement). Automated transactions (i.e. systematic purchases and withdrawals) and purchases made after shares are automatically sold to pay Merrill's account maintenance fees are not eligible for Rights of Reinstatement

# Contingent Deferred Sales Charge ("CDSC") Waivers on Front-end, Back-end, and Level Load Shares Available at Merrill

- Shares sold due to the client's death or disability (as defined by Internal Revenue Code Section 22I(3))
- Shares sold pursuant to a systematic withdrawal program subject to Merrill's maximum systematic withdrawal limits as described in the Merrill SLWD Supplement
- Shares sold due to return of excess contributions from an IRA account
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the investor reaching the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulation
- Front-end or level-load shares held in commission-based, non-taxable retirement brokerage accounts (e.g. traditional, Roth, rollover, SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs, SAR-SEPs or Keogh plans) that are transferred to fee-based accounts or platforms and exchanged for a lower cost share class of the same mutual fund

## Front-end Load Discounts Available at Merrill: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation & Letters of Intent

- Breakpoint discounts, as described in this prospectus, where the sales load is at or below the maximum sales load that Merrill permits to be assessed to a front-end load purchase, as described in the Merrill SLWD Supplement
- Rights of Accumulation (ROA), as described in the Merrill SLWD Supplement, which entitle clients to breakpoint discounts based on the aggregated holdings of mutual fund family assets held in accounts in their Merrill Household
- Letters of Intent (LOI), which allow for breakpoint discounts on eligible new purchases based on anticipated future eligible purchases within a fund family at Merrill, in accounts within your Merrill Household, as further described in the Merrill SLWD Supplement

# Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Raymond James Financial Services & Raymond James affiliates ("Raymond James"):

Effective March 1, 2019, shareholders purchasing fund shares through a Raymond James platform or account, or through an introducing broker-dealer or independent registered investment adviser for which Raymond James provides trade execution, clearance, and/or custody services, will be eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this fund's prospectus or SAI.

## Front-End Sales Load Waivers on Class A Shares available at Raymond James

- Shares purchased in an investment advisory program.
- Shares purchased within the same fund family through a systematic reinvestment of capital gains and dividend distributions.
- Employees and registered representatives of Raymond James or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Raymond James.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement).
- A shareholder in the Fund's Class C shares will have their shares converted at net asset value to Class A
  shares (or the appropriate share class) of the Fund if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the
  conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of Raymond James.

## CDSC Waivers on Classes A, B and C Shares available at Raymond James

- Death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the fund's prospectus.
- Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations as described in the fund's prospectus.
- Shares sold to pay Raymond James fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Raymond James.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

# Front-End Load Discounts available at Raymond James: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation, and/or Letters of Intent

- Breakpoints as described in this prospectus.
- Rights of accumulation which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated
  based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at
  Raymond James. Eligible fund family assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the calculation
  of rights of accumulation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.
- Letters of intent which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases within a fund family, over a 13-month time period. Eligible fund family assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the calculation of letters of intent only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.

## Janney Montgomery Scott LLC ("Janney"):

Effective May 1, 2020, if you purchase fund shares through a Janney brokerage account, you will be eligible for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC"), or back-end sales charge, waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this fund's Prospectus or SAI.

#### Front-end sales charge\* waivers on Class A shares available at Janney

- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the fund family).
- Shares purchased by employees and registered representatives of Janney or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Janney.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within ninety (90) days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (i.e., right of reinstatement).
- Employer-sponsored retirement plans (e.g., 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans). For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs, SAR-SEPs or Keogh plans.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.
- Class C shares that are no longer subject to a contingent deferred sales charge and are converted to Class A shares of the same fund pursuant to Janney's policies and procedures.

#### CDSC waivers on Class A and C shares available at Janney

- Shares sold upon the death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the fund's Prospectus.
- · Shares purchased in connection with a return of excess contributions from an IRA account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts if the redemption is taken in or after the year the shareholder reaches qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations.
- Shares sold to pay Janney fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Janney.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.
- Shares exchanged into the same share class of a different fund.

# Front-end sales charge\* discounts available at Janney: breakpoints, rights of accumulation, and/or letters of intent

- Breakpoints as described in the fund's Prospectus.
- Rights of accumulation ("ROA"), which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts, will be automatically
  calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser's
  household at Janney. Eligible fund family assets not held at Janney may be included in the ROA calculation
  only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.
- Letters of intent which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases within a fund family, over a 13-month time period. Eligible fund family assets not held at Janney Montgomery Scott may be

included in the calculation of letters of intent only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.

\* Also referred to as an "initial sales charge."

## Oppenheimer & Co. Inc. ("OPCO"):

Effective May 1, 2020, shareholders purchasing Fund shares through an OPCO platform or account are eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this Fund's prospectus or SAI.

#### Front-end Sales Load Waivers on Class A Shares available at OPCO

- Employer-sponsored retirement, deferred compensation and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans, provided that the shares are not held in a commission-based brokerage account and shares are held for the benefit of the plan
- Shares purchased by or through a 529 Plan
- Shares purchased through a OPCO affiliated investment advisory program
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the fund family)
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Restatement).
- A shareholder in the Fund's Class C shares will have their shares converted at net asset value to Class A shares (or the appropriate share class) of the Fund if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of OPCO
- Employees and registered representatives of OPCO or its affiliates and their family members
- Directors or Trustees of the Fund, and employees of the Fund's investment adviser or any of its affiliates, as described in this prospectus

#### CDSC Waivers on A, B and C Shares available at OPCO

- Death or disability of the shareholder
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the Fund's prospectus
- · Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations as described in the prospectus
- Shares sold to pay OPCO fees but only if the transaction is initiated by OPCO
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement

## Front-end load Discounts Available at OPCO: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation & Letters of Intent

• Breakpoints as described in this prospectus.

• Rights of Accumulation (ROA) which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at OPCO. Eligible fund family assets not held at OPCO may be included in the ROA calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.

### Edward D. Jones & Co. ("Edward Jones"):

#### **Policies Regarding Transactions Through Edward Jones**

The following information has been provided by Edward Jones:

Effective on or after August 27, 2024, the following information supersedes prior information with respect to transactions and positions held in fund shares through an Edward Jones system. Clients of Edward Jones (also referred to as "shareholders") purchasing fund shares on the Edward Jones commission and fee-based platforms are eligible only for the following sales charge discounts (also referred to as "breakpoints") and waivers, which can differ from discounts and waivers described elsewhere in the mutual fund prospectus or statement of additional information ("SAI") or through another broker-dealer. In all instances, it is the shareholder's responsibility to inform Edward Jones at the time of purchase of any relationship, holdings of Cantor Fitzgerald Funds, or other facts qualifying the purchaser for discounts or waivers. Edward Jones can ask for documentation of such circumstance. Shareholders should contact Edward Jones if they have questions regarding their eligibility for these discounts and waivers.

#### **Breakpoints**

• Breakpoint pricing, otherwise known as volume pricing, at dollar thresholds as described in the prospectus.

### Rights of Accumulation ("ROA")

- The applicable sales charge on a purchase of Class A shares is determined by taking into account all share classes (except certain money market funds and any assets held in group retirement plans) of Cantor Fitzgerald Funds held by the shareholder or in an account grouped by Edward Jones with other accounts for the purpose of providing certain pricing considerations ("pricing groups"). If grouping assets as a shareholder, this includes all share classes held on the Edward Jones platform and/or held on another platform. The inclusion of eligible fund family assets in the ROA calculation is dependent on the shareholder notifying Edward Jones of such assets at the time of calculation. Money market funds are included only if such shares were sold with a sales charge at the time of purchase or acquired in exchange for shares purchased with a sales charge.
- The employer maintaining a SEP IRA plan and/or SIMPLE IRA plan may elect to establish or change ROA
  for the IRA accounts associated with the plan to a plan-level grouping as opposed to including all share
  classes at a shareholder or pricing group level.
- ROA is determined by calculating the higher of cost minus redemptions or market value (current shares x NAV).

#### **Letter of Intent ("LOI")**

• Through a LOI, shareholders can receive the sales charge and breakpoint discounts for purchases shareholders intend to make over a 13-month period from the date Edward Jones receives the LOI. The LOI is determined by calculating the higher of cost or market value of qualifying holdings at LOI initiation in combination with the value that the shareholder intends to buy over a 13-month period to calculate the front-end sales charge and any breakpoint discounts. Each purchase the shareholder makes during that 13-month period will receive the sales charge and breakpoint discount that applies to the total amount. The inclusion of eligible fund family assets in the LOI calculation is dependent on the shareholder notifying

Edward Jones of such assets at the time of calculation. Purchases made before the LOI is received by Edward Jones are not adjusted under the LOI and will not reduce the sales charge previously paid. Sales charges will be adjusted if LOI is not met.

 If the employer maintaining a SEP IRA plan and/or SIMPLE IRA plan has elected to establish or change ROA for the IRA accounts associated with the plan to a plan-level grouping, LOIs will also be at the planlevel and may only be established by the employer.

#### **Sales Charge Waivers**

Sales charges are waived for the following shareholders and in the following situations:

- Associates of Edward Jones and its affiliates and other accounts in the same pricing group (as determined by Edward Jones under its policies and procedures) as the associate. This waiver will continue for the remainder of the associate's life if the associate retires from Edward Jones in good-standing and remains in good standing pursuant to Edward Jones' policies and procedures.
- Shares purchased in an Edward Jones fee-based program.
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redeemed shares of the same fund family so long as the following conditions are met: the proceeds are from the sale of shares within 60 days of the purchase, the sale and purchase are made from a share class that charges a front load and one of the following ("Right of Reinstatement"):
  - The redemption and repurchase occur in the same account.
  - The redemption proceeds are used to process an: IRA contribution, excess contributions, conversion, recharacterizing of contributions, or distribution, and the repurchase is done in an account within the same Edward Jones grouping for ROA.
  - The Right of Reinstatement excludes systematic or automatic transactions including, but not limited to, purchases made through payroll deductions, liquidations to cover account fees, and reinvestments from non-mutual fund products.
- Shares exchanged into Class A shares from another share class so long as the exchange is into the same fund
  and was initiated at the discretion of Edward Jones. Edward Jones is responsible for any remaining CDSC
  due to the fund company, if applicable. Any future purchases are subject to the applicable sales charge as
  disclosed in the prospectus.
- Exchanges from Class C shares to Class A shares of the same fund, generally, in the 84th month following the anniversary of the purchase date or earlier at the discretion of Edward Jones.
- Purchases of Class 529-A shares through a rollover from either another education savings plan or a security used for qualified distributions.
- Purchases of Class 529 shares made for recontribution of refunded amounts.

## Contingent Deferred Sales Charge ("CDSC") Waivers

If the shareholder purchases shares that are subject to a CDSC and those shares are redeemed before the CDSC is expired, the shareholder is responsible to pay the CDSC except in the following conditions:

- The death or disability of the shareholder.
- Systematic withdrawals with up to 10% per year of the account value.
- Return of excess contributions from an Individual Retirement Account (IRA).

- Shares redeemed as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts if the
  redemption is taken in or after the year the shareholder reaches qualified age based on applicable IRS
  regulations.
- Shares redeemed to pay Edward Jones fees or costs in such cases where the transaction is initiated by Edward Jones.
- Shares exchanged in an Edward Jones fee-based program.
- Shares acquired through NAV reinstatement.
- Shares redeemed at the discretion of Edward Jones for Minimums Balances, as described below.

## Other Important Information Regarding Transactions Through Edward Jones

#### **Minimum Purchase Amounts**

- Initial purchase minimum: \$250
- · Subsequent purchase minimum: none

#### **Minimum Balances**

- Edward Jones has the right to redeem at its discretion fund holdings with a balance of \$250 or less. The following are examples of accounts that are not included in this policy:
  - A fee-based account held on an Edward Jones platform
  - A 529 account held on an Edward Jones platform
  - An account with an active systematic investment plan or LOI

### **Exchanging Share Classes**

At any time it deems necessary, Edward Jones has the authority to exchange at NAV a shareholder's holdings in a fund to Class A shares of the same fund.

#### Robert W. Baird & Co. ("Baird"):

Effective June 15, 2020, shareholders purchasing fund shares through a Baird platform or account will only be eligible for the following sales charge waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and CDSC waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this prospectus or the SAI

#### Front-End Sales Charge Waivers on Investors A-shares Available at Baird

- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund
- Shares purchased by employees and registers representatives of Baird or its affiliate and their family members as designated by Baird
- Shares purchased using the proceeds of redemptions from a Fund, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same accounts, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales charge (known as rights of reinstatement)
- A shareholder in the Funds Investor C Shares will have their share converted at net asset value to Investor A
  shares of the same fund if the shares are no longer subject to CDSC and the conversion is in line with the
  policies and procedures of Baird

• Employer-sponsored retirement plans or charitable accounts in a transactional brokerage account at Baird, including 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans. For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs or SAR-SEPs

#### CDSC Waivers on Investor A and C shares Available at Baird

- Shares sold due to death or disability of the shareholder
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the Fund's Prospectus
- Shares bought due to returns of excess contributions from an IRA Account
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable Internal Revenue Service regulations as described in the Fund's prospectus
- Shares sold to pay Baird fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Baird
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement

## Front-End Sales Charge Discounts Available at Baird: Breakpoints and/or Rights of Accumulations

- Breakpoints as described in this prospectus
- Rights of accumulations which entitles shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated
  based on the aggregated holding of Cantor Fitzgerald Funds assets held by accounts within the purchaser's
  household at Baird. Eligible Cantor Fitzgerald Funds assets not held at Baird may be included in the rights
  of accumulations calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets
- Letters of Intent (LOI) allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases of Cantor Fitzgerald Funds through Baird, over a 13-month period of time

## J.P. Morgan Securities LLC

Effective September 29, 2023, if you purchase or hold fund shares through an applicable J.P. Morgan Securities LLC brokerage account, you will be eligible for the following sales charge waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC"), or back-end sales charge, waivers), share class conversion policy and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this fund's prospectus or Statement of Additional Information.

#### Front-end sales charge waivers on Class A shares available at J.P. Morgan Securities LLC

- Shares exchanged from Class C (i.e. level-load) shares that are no longer subject to a CDSC and are exchanged into Class A shares of the same fund pursuant to J.P. Morgan Securities LLC's share class exchange policy.
- Qualified employer-sponsored defined contribution and defined benefit retirement plans, nonqualified deferred compensation plans, other employee benefit plans and trusts used to fund those plans. For purposes of this provision, such plans do not include SEP IRAs, SIMPLE IRAs, SAR-SEPs or 501(c)(3) accounts.
- Shares of funds purchased through J.P. Morgan Securities LLC Self-Directed Investing accounts.
- Shares purchased through rights of reinstatement.
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the fund family).

• Shares purchased by employees and registered representatives of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC or its affiliates and their spouse or financial dependent as defined by J.P. Morgan Securities LLC.

### Class C to Class A share conversion

• A shareholder in the fund's Class C shares will have their shares converted to Class A shares (or the appropriate share class) of the same fund if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is consistent with J.P. Morgan Securities LLC's policies and procedures.

### CDSC waivers on Class A and C shares available at J.P. Morgan Securities LLC

- Shares sold upon the death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the fund's prospectus.
- · Shares purchased in connection with a return of excess contributions from an IRA account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

# Front-end load discounts available at J.P. Morgan Securities LLC: breakpoints, rights of accumulation & letters of intent

- Breakpoints as described in the prospectus.
- Rights of Accumulation ("ROA") which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts as described in the
  fund's prospectus will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets
  held by accounts within the purchaser's household at J.P. Morgan Securities LLC. Eligible fund family
  assets not held at J.P. Morgan Securities LLC (including 529 program holdings, where applicable) may be
  included in the ROA calculation only if the shareholder notifies their financial advisor about such assets.
- Letters of Intent ("LOI") which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases within a fund family, through J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, over a 13-month period of time (if applicable).

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

# **Cantor Select Portfolios Trust**

More information about each of the Funds can be found in the Statement of Additional Information, which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. More information about each of the Fund's investments is available in the annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders. The annual reports include discussions of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected a Fund's performance during its last fiscal year.

Each of the Fund's Statement of Additional Information and the annual and semi-annual reports are available, free of charge, on the website listed below, and upon request by contacting a Fund (you may also request other information about a Fund or make shareholder inquiries) as follows:

**By telephone:** 1-833-764-2266

By mail: Regular Mail Address Overnight Mail Address

Cantor Funds Cantor Funds

c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
P.O. Box 46707
Cincinnati, Ohio 45246

c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450
Cincinnati, Ohio 45246

On the Internet: https://highincomefund.cantorassetmanagement.com

https://equityopportunityfund.cantorassetmanagement.com

Reports and other information about the Fund are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at http://www.sec.gov, and copies of this information may be obtained, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

Investment Company Act file number 811-2377